FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022 WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

MAY 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Members of The Common Council City of Olean, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and remaining fund information of the *City of Olean, New York* as of and for the year ended May 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the *City of Olean, New York's* basic financial statements as listed in the accompanying table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Olean, New York* as of May 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgeting comparisons of the general, special revenue and debt service funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the *City of Olean, New York* and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the *City of Olean, New York's*, May 31, 2021 financial statements, and our report dated February 18, 2022, expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended May 31, 2021, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the *City of Olean, New York's* ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Olean, New York's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt
 about City of Olean, New York's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 4 through 10), budgetary comparison information (pages 49 and 52), schedule of changes in the City's net OPEB liability and related ratios (page 68), schedule of City contributions – OPEB (page 69), the schedule of the City's contributions for defined benefit pension plans (page 70), and schedule of the City's share of the net pension asset/liability (page 71), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the *City of Olean, New York's* basic financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards,* and is also not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, other schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of New York State Department of Transportation assistance (page 84) is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by the New York State Department of Transportation Draft Part 43 of the New York State Codification of Rules and Regulations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This schedule is the responsibility of the City's management. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary Information (continued)

The introductory and statistical sections (pages 95 through 101) have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 14, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Olean, New York's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Olean, New York's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Olean, New York's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafano PC

BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO, P.C.

Olean, New York March 14, 2023

I. <u>Discussion and Analysis</u>

The following is a discussion and analysis of the *City of Olean, New York's* (the City) financial performance for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022. The section is a summary of the City's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which immediately follows this section.

II. Financial Highlights

The following items are the financial highlights experienced by the City of during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022:

- Overall net position of the City increased from operations during the current year in the amount of \$5,174,000, as compared to an increase of \$1,054,000 during the prior fiscal year.
- Total net position of the City as of May 31, 2022 amounted to approximately \$60,180,000.
- The City's total revenue increased approximately 20% from \$26,619,000 during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2021 to \$31,939,000 during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022. This increase was primarily the result of increases in capital grants and contributions in the Capital Fund related to CHIPs, Washington Street, Airport master plan and OATs Busses.
- The City's total expenses increased from \$25,565,000 during fiscal year ended May 31, 2021 to \$26,765,000 during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022. This increase was primarily related to increases in transportation expenses related to CHIPS offset by decreases in Employee Retirement System (ERS) and Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS) expense related to an actuarial update.
- The City incurred capital costs in the amount of approximately \$5,529,000 primarily related to work performed on the Washington Street, Oats Busses and Airport master plan.
- The general fund reported an overall fund balance of approximately \$2,814,000 as of May 31, 2022.

III. Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City.

A. Reporting the City as a Whole (Government-wide Financial Statements):

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

Statement of Net Assets

The Statement of Net Position (Page 12) shows the "assets" (what is owned), "liabilities" (what is owed) and the "net position" (the resources that would remain if all obligations were settled) of the City. The Statement categorizes assets to show that some assets are very liquid, such as cash and cash equivalents. Some assets are restricted for certain purposes or reserved for emergencies and cash flow purposes. Some assets are invested in "fixed" or "capital" assets, such as buildings, equipment and other long-lived property; and some assets are available to fund budgets of the following year.

2. Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities (Page 13) shows the amounts of program-specific and general revenue used to support the City's various functions.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities divide the activities of the City into two categories: governmental activities (the City's functions, including general governmental support, public safety, transportation, culture and recreation, etc.; property taxes, non-property taxes (sales taxes) and state and federal revenue usually support most of these functions) and proprietary activities. The City only had governmental activities during the current fiscal year.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net assets and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the City's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the City's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the City's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of buildings and other facilities.

III. Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

B. Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds (Fund Financial Statements):

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's funds, focusing on its most significant or major funds – not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Significance of funds is determined based on the proportional size of the funds, the relative importance of the activities of the funds to the City's operations, and the existence of legal budget requirements. Internal Service funds are never reported as major funds, but are combined and presented in a separate column.

The City has two kinds of funds:

1. Governmental Funds

Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending.

III. Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

B. Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds (Fund Financial Statements)(continued):

1. Governmental Funds (continued)

Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

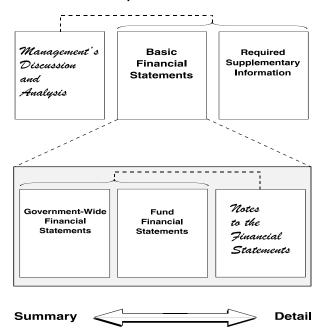
2. Fiduciary Funds

The City does not have activities that qualify for reporting as a fiduciary.

Figure A-1 - Major Features of the Government-Wide Statements and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financia	l Statements
	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the government that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as general, water and sewer funds.	Instances in which the government administers resources on behalf of someone else.
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2 - Required Components of the City's Annual Financial Report



IV. Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

Net Assets

The City's total reporting entity net position increased from operations by \$5,174,000. The components of net position include: invested in capital assets, net of related debt of \$55,812,000; restricted net position of \$2,301,000; and unrestricted net position of \$2,067,000 as of May 31, 2022.

Changes in Net Assets

The City's total government-wide revenue was \$31,939,000. Approximately 24%, 17%, and 52% of total revenue is derived from the property taxes, non-property taxes and program revenue, respectively. The remaining 7% comes from state sources, use of money and property, sales of property and compensation for loss and other revenue sources.

The total cost of all programs and services of the City was \$26,765,000 for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022. The City's expenses cover a range of services, with 11%, 26%, 20%, 21%, and 16% related to general government support, public safety, transportation, home and community and employee benefits, respectively. Figure A-4 through Figure A-6 and the narrative that follows considers the operations of governmental activities, along with revenue and net costs percentages for governmental activities.

IV. <u>Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole</u> (continued)

Revenue

- Property tax revenue represents approximately 24% of the City's total revenue for governmental activities. Total property taxes increased approximately \$29,000 during the current fiscal year.
- One of the City's most significant general revenue is non-property taxes, which represents \$5,489,000 or 17% of total governmental revenue. Total non-property taxes increased approximately \$192,000 or 4% as a result of an overall increase in sales and use tax revenues.
- The City's program revenue totaled approximately \$16,565,000. Program revenue consists of charges for services in the amount of \$9,776,000, which is primarily related to revenue received in the special revenue funds of approximately \$8,354,000. These revenues relate to water and sewer usage fees and program income related to the City's three community development programs. The City received operating grants in the amount of \$833,000, which relate to grants including the operation of the federal Section 5311 funding, court facilities and security, and the youth bureau; and capital grants and contributions in the amount of \$5,956,000, which consists of grants related to the City's capital project funds. These projects include federal and state grants for the airport improvements (FAA and NYS DOT), OATS busses and the CHIPS program (NYS DOT and Marchesilli).

Total charges for services increased approximately 4% during the current fiscal year. Total operating grants decreased approximately 20% during the current fiscal year, primarily as a result of a decrease in OATS bus revenue. Lastly, capital grants and contributions increased approximately 454% during the current year, which was primarily related to an increase in grants related to OATs Busses.

Expenses

Figure A-6 presents the cost of each of the expenditure-types, which include; general governmental support, public safety, health, transportation, culture and recreation, economic development, home and community services, employee benefit and debt service. The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers and NYS by each of these functions. Total costs of the City's governmental activities were approximately \$26,765,000.

IV. <u>Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole</u> (continued)

Expenses (continued)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

- The City's general governmental support was approximately \$2,854,000 or 11% of expenditures. These expenditures consist primarily of the City's main support service departments such as central garage, buildings department, clerk's office, public works department, outside professional fees and related fees and the City's general liability insurances. Total general governmental support expenses decreased approximately 1% primarily due to decreases in unallocated insurances and depreciation.
- The City's public safety costs were approximately \$7,102,000 or 26% of total expenditures. These expenditures consist primarily of costs attributable to the fire and police departments. Total costs for public safety increased approximately 4% during the current year related to increases in the police and fire department salaries.
- Transportation costs of the City were approximately \$5,165,000 or 20% of total expenditures. These expenditures encompass the street maintenance department including maintenance and snow removal, the airport department and street lighting expenditures. Total transportation costs increased approximately 48% during the current year related to increased costs associated with the airport, streets maintenance and resurfacing.
- The City's culture and recreation costs were approximately \$1,103,000 or 4% of total expenditures. These expenditures consist primarily of costs of maintaining the City's parks, playgrounds and recreational facilities and programs. Total expenses for culture and recreation increased approximately 8% which was primarily related to an increase in costs associated with parks and recreation and depreciation.
- Home and community services costs were approximately \$5,649,000 or 21% of total expenditures. These expenditures are related to costs of the water and sewer funds and costs related to homebuyer and other community development projects. Total home and community services expenditures increased approximately 2% which was related increases in salaries and benefits.

IV. <u>Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole</u> (continued)

Expenses (continued)

- Employee benefit costs were approximately \$4,172,000 or 16% of total expenditures. These expenditures consist primarily of social security benefits, health insurance benefits, workmen's compensation benefits and pension costs. Total employee benefit costs decreased approximately 17% during the current fiscal year primarily as a result of decreases in retirement costs related to actuarial update on pension plans.
- During the current fiscal year, the City had debt service costs of \$638,000. These costs were primarily related to the current fiscal year interest payments on long-term debt. These costs also include interest payments on serial bonds for other city public improvement projects. The decrease in the current year is due to decreases in the scheduled debt service payments.

Figure A-3 – Condensed Statement of Net Position

City of Olean, Ne	w Yo	rk			
Condensed Statement of	f Net	Position			
As of May 31,	2022				
(in thousands of	dollar	s)			
		2022		2021	Change
Assets					
Current and other assets	\$	22,683	\$	19,592	16%
Capital Assets		92,631		91,484	1%
Total assets		115,314		111,076	17%
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB		7,217		8,547	-16%
Total deferred outflows of resources					
and assets	\$	122,531	\$	119,623	2%
Liabilities					
Other liabilities	\$	10,095	\$	8,967	13%
Long-term debt outstanding		36,808		40,719	-10%
Total liabilities		46,903		49,686	-6%
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Taxes collected for subsequent year		5,179		4,527	14%
Deferred inflows related to pensions		10,269		10,404	-1%
Total deferred inflows of resources					
and liabilities		62,351		64,617	-4%
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		55,812		51,597	8%
Restricted		2.301		2.591	-11%
Unrestricted		2,067		818	153%
Total net position	_	60,180		55,006	9%
'	•	122,531	¢	119,623	2%
Total liabilities and net position	ф	122,551	ф	119,023	Z%

Figure	D-4 _	Condensed	l Statement	of Activities

City of Olean, New York Condensed Statement of Activities For the Year Ended May 31, 2022 (in thousands of dollars)								
Revenue		2022		2021	Change			
Program Revenue								
Charges for services	\$	9,776	\$	9,397	4%			
Operating grants		833		1,038	-20%			
Capital grants & contributions		5,956		1,075	454%			
General Revenue								
Real property taxes		7,285		7,256	0%			
Special assessment tax - real property		-		14	-100%			
Real property tax items		82		58	41%			
Non-property tax items		5,489		5,297	4%			
Use of money and property		13		11	17%			
Miscellaneous local sources		27		58	-54%			
State aid		2,478		2,415	3%			
Total revenue	_	31,939		26,619	20%			
Expenses								
General government support		2,854		2,888	-1%			
Public safety		7,102		6,843	4%			
Health		80		64	25%			
Tranportation		5,165		3,499	48%			
Economic development		2		-	0%			
Culture and recreation		1,103		1,023	8%			
Home and community services		5,649		5,545	2%			
Employee benefits		4,172		5,043	-17%			
Debt service		638		660	-3%			
Total expenses		26,765		25,565	5%			
Change in net position	\$	5,174	\$	1,054				

Figure A-5 – Governmental Sources of Revenue

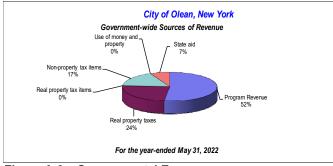
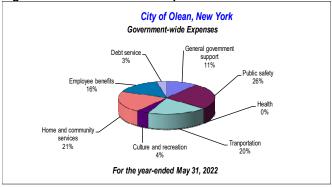


Figure A-6 - Governmental Expenses



V. Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

It is important to note that variances between years for the governmental fund financial statements (Balance Sheets and Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity) are not the same as variances between years for the government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities). The City's governmental funds are presented on the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the statement of net assets are presented on the full accrual method of accounting. Therefore, governmental funds do not include long-term debt liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds. Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt.

General Fund

- The City's general fund its expenditures and other uses exceeded revenues and other sources by approximately \$529,000 during the year ended May 31, 2022.
- The City's general fund unassigned fund balance equated to approximately \$2,604,000 as of May 31, 2022.
- The City had an assigned fund balance as of May 31, 2022, which approximated \$210,000.
- The total assets for the City's general fund were \$10,681,000 as of May 31, 2022 which increased approximately \$857,000 during the current year, primarily related to an increase in cash. The City's general fund liabilities and deferred inflows as of May 31, 2022 were \$7,866,000 which increased approximately \$1,386,000 during the current fiscal year, primarily related to an increase in deferred inflow of resources related to taxes and due to other funds.
- The City's total revenue and other sources in the general fund increased approximately \$188,000 or 1% during the current year as a result of an increase in sales tax. Total expenditures and other uses in the general fund increased approximately \$964,000 or 6% which was primarily related to increases in general government support and employee benefits.

V. Financial Analysis of the City's Funds (continued)

Special Revenue Fund

- The City's special revenue consisted of the following funds; water fund, sewer fund, revolving loan fund, housing fund, first time homebuyers' fund and miscellaneous special revenue funds.
- Current year revenue and other sources in the special revenue fund was \$8,380,000 which increased \$297,000 primarily related to increases in outside sewer revenue. Total expenditures and other uses were \$8,246,000 which decreased \$210,000. This decrease was primarily related to operating transfers out.

Debt Service Fund

 The City's current fiscal year revenue and other sources were \$9,245,000 which increased approximately \$5,872,000. This increase was due to bond refunding and transfers in from other funds. Expenditures during the current year amounted to \$9,276,000 which increased approximately \$5,745,000 due to the bond refunding.

Capital Projects Fund

 During the current year, the City incurred total costs in the capital projects fund in the amount of \$6,617,000. Such costs were primarily related to costs associated with the CHIPS (\$1,546,000), Washington Street (\$921,000), Vehicle Replacement (\$598,000) Airport Master Plan (\$577,000) and OATS Bus (\$458,000).

VI. General Fund Budgetary Highlight

As shown in figure A-7, over the course of the year, the City makes certain budget transfers. After such transfers, the revised budget presents actual expenditures being approximately \$273,000 above the revised budget. The most significant variances were in the areas of transfer to other funds which was above budget by approximately \$303,000 and general support which was above budget by approximately \$157,000. On the other hand, resources available for appropriations were approximately \$548,000 above the final budgeted amount. Significant variances of revenue items consisted of non-property tax items which were \$637,000 above that budgeted. This was offset by intergovernmental charges which were approximately \$151,000 below that budgeted, respectively.

Figure A-7 - General Fund Budget vs Actual

City of Olean, New York Budget vs Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended May 31, 2022 (in thousands of dollars)						
Revenue		Revised Budget		Actual	D	ifference
Real property taxes	\$	7,285	\$	7,285	\$	-
Real property tax items		103		82		(21)
Non-property tax items		4,852		5,489		637
Departmental income		1,265		1,149		(116)
Intergovernmental charges		339		188		(151)
Use of money and property		10		10		- 1
Licenses and permits		105		71		(34)
Fines and forfeitures		35		11		(24)
Sales of property and comp for loss		15		-		(15)
State aid		3,078		2,971		(107)
Federal aid		-		340		340
Transfer from other funds		-		39		39
Total revenue	\$	17,087	\$	17,635	\$	548
Expenses						
General government support	\$	2,444	\$	2,776	\$	(332)
Public safety		6,043		6,134		(91)
Health		73		67		6
Tranportation		2,212		2,054		158
Economic development		2		2		- 1
Culture and recreation		1,101		904		197
Home and community services		196		174		22
Employee benefits		4,743		4,673		70
Other financing uses						
Transfer to other funds		1,078		1,381		(303)
Total expenses	\$	17,892	\$	18,165	\$	(273)

VII. Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of May 31, 2022, the City had a net investment of \$92,631,000 in a broad range of capital assets, including reconstruction projects, transportation vehicles and other equipment. Capital additions made during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022, totaled approximately \$5,529,000 and consisted primarily of costs associated with the Washington Street, Vehicle Replacement, Airport Master Plan, OATS Busses and other miscellaneous capital projects. More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in the notes of the financial statements.

Long-term Debt and Liabilities

As of May 31, 2022, the City had approximately \$36,808,000 in serial bonds, capital leases, EFC notes, bond anticipation notes, compensated absences, other post-employment benefits, net pension liability, retirement incentives, environmental liability and other long-term debt outstanding. The decrease in long-term debt and liabilities of \$3,911,000, approximately 10%, was related to the actuarial update related to the pensions and regularly scheduled debt payments.

VIII. Factors bearing on the City's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the City was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- NYS has imposed a 2% property tax cap on all municipalities as it relates to the 2022-23 budget year.
 The City is carefully adhering to the state mandated tax cap, as it affects the City's operations and the services it presently provides to its citizens.
- The City has seen a \$3 million decrease in assessed valuation for 2022-23.
- In September 2017, the Governor's Office announced the City of Olean as the winner of \$10 million for the Western NY Region under the Downtown Revitalization Initiative (DRI). The DRI Local Planning Committee reviewed projects requesting finding and made recommendations to the state. In July 2018, the Governor's Office announced 12 transformational projects that will receive DRI funding and leverage private and public funds. The projects will highlight historic properties, improve streetscapes and invite new economic growth. The projects include the creation of a Downtown Revitalization & Rehabilitation Fund, improvements to West State, South Union, East State and North Union Streets, redevelopment of the historic Manufacturers' Hanover building, Oak Hill Park improvements, expansion of Four Mile Brewing Co., renovation of the former Carnegie Library Building, establish a permanent home for the African-American Center, renovation of 211 North Union Street and historic row buildings on North Union Street. Projects are in various stages that include planning, design and construction while others have been successfully implemented and completed.

VIII. Factors bearing on the City's Future (continued)

• The City's Department of Public Works has various projects that will be designed in 2022-2023. The projects include South Union Street DRI (\$344K), Wayne Street Shared Use Path (\$241K), Airport Exterior Building Improvements and Rehabilitation of Aircraft and Vehicle Parking (\$304K), Marcus Park Revitalization (\$68.5K) and the new Recreation Center Splash Pad and Pool Renovation RE-Design (\$25K). There are also several projects entering the construction phase in 2022-2023. These projects include Walkable Olean Phase 3 (\$2.2M), Airport Taxiway Rehabilitation (\$1.6M) and the Recreation Center Splash Pad and Pool Renovations (\$1.58M).

IX. Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the City and to demonstrate our accountability with the money we receive. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

Mr. Lens Marshall, City Auditor City of Olean, New York Municipal Building Olean, New York

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION AS OF MAY 31,

Assets		2022	2	2021
Cash on hand	\$	1,565	\$	1,565
Cash on deposit	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	1,000
Regular accounts		9,981,644		9,001,688
Cash with fiscal agent		2,139		92,139
Receivables		2,139		92,138
		1,869		1,869
Refuse and garbage				
Special assessment		1,882		1,882
Accounts receivable, net		2,068,758 1,584,724		1,956,169
State, Federal and other governments				2,066,824
Revolving loans receivable		72,162		110,329
First Time Homebuyers loans receivable		22,947		27,55
Rehabilitation loans receivable		229		229
Other assets		61		6
Cash to be used for capital assets		7,562,544		6,331,51
Net pension asset - NYS Employee's Retirement System		1,382,383		-
Capital assets, net		92,631,363	(91,483,93
Total assets		115,314,270	11	11,075,75
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows of Resources Deferred outflows related to pensions		7,145,747		8,476,573
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		71,000		71,00
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	122,531,017	\$ 1°	19,623,32
iabilities				
Payables				
Accounts payable	\$	825,209	\$	1,395,94
Accrued liabilities		1,488,482		1,385,70
Due to employee retirement system		301,500		340,66
Other liabilities		45,482		27,53
Unearned revenue		615,938		138,10
Bond anticipation notes and short term notes payable		6,818,474		5,679,37
ong-term liabilities		0,0.0,		0,0.0,0.
Portion due or payable within one year		200 000		265.00
NYS EFC notes payable		380,000		365,00
Serial bonds payable		2,010,900		2,110,90
Lease liability		147,117		144,69
Environmental liability		125,000		125,00
Compensated absences		35,000		35,00
Portion due or payable after one year				
NYS EFC notes payable		1,770,000		2,150,00
Serial bonds payable		30,690,173	;	32,527,50
Lease liability		378,104		525,12
Compensated absences		254,428		256,90
Net pension liability - NYS Employee's Retirement System		-		16,35
Net pension liability - NYS Police and Fire Retirement System		615,718		1,766,60
Other-post employment benefits		401,105		695,67
Total liabilities		46,902,630	4	49,686,08
			-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions		10,268,555		10,403,98
Taxes collected for subsequent year		5,179,475		4,527,29
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		62,350,660		4,527,29 64,617,37
Total Habilities and deterred inhows of fesources		02,330,000	,	J+,U17,3/
let Position				
let investment in capital assets Restricted for		55,811,801		51,597,28
Restricted for Debt service		111,824		142,68
Capital		2,189,477		2,447,89
Inrestricted:		2,100,411		_,, ,03
		226.057		1EC 05
Designated		226,057		456,85
Undesignated		1,841,198		361,24
Total net position		60,180,357		55,005,95
Total liabilities and net position	\$	122,531,017	\$ 1	19,623,32

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		Program Revenu Operating Grants		es Capital Grants & Contributions		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	2021 Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
General government support Public safety Health Transportation Economic development Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits Debt service - interest & issuance fees	\$ 2,855,237 7,102,338 80,266 5,163,545 2,000 1,103,083 5,648,659 4,171,456 637,781	\$	254,020 166,887 558,939 316,875 - 241,661 6,571,995 1,665,940 -	\$	- 114,057 - 719,304 - - - - -	\$	235,437 87,956 - 3,820,215 - 6,980 1,804,902 - -	\$ (2,365,780) (6,733,438) 478,673 (307,151) (2,000) (854,442) 2,728,238 (2,505,516) (637,781)	\$ (2,372,880 (6,581,870 639,335 (2,124,429 - (881,566 1,294,633 (3,367,425 (660,159)) 5 9) 8) 8
Total functions and programs	\$ 26,764,365	\$	9,776,317	\$	833,361	\$	5,955,490	(10,199,197)	(14,054,361))
General Revenues Real property taxes Special assessment tax - real property Real property tax items Non-property tax items Use of money and property Miscellaneous local sources State aid								7,285,307 - 81,752 5,489,152 12,840 26,703 2,477,847	7,256,496 13,627 58,351 5,297,477 11,026 57,249 2,414,609	, , , ,
Total general revenues								15,373,601	15,108,835	<u>, </u>
Change in net position								5,174,404	1,054,474	ļ
Net position - beginning of year								55,005,953	53,874,870)
Prior period adjustments								_	76,609)
Net position - end of year								\$ 60,180,357	\$ 55,005,953	<u>; </u>

					Ma	ijor Funds				Canital		on-Major Funds		2022		2024
		General		Water		Sewer		Debt Service		Capital Project Funds		Special Revenue Funds	(Me	2022 emo only) Total	(1	2021 /lemo only) Total
Assets																
Cash on hand	\$	1,525	\$	40	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,565	\$	1,565
Cash on deposit																
Regular accounts		8,256,634		876,065		1,288,230		1,897,433		4,797,844		427,982	1	17,544,188		15,333,199
Cash with fiscal agent		-		-		-		-		2,139		-		2,139		92,139
Receivables																
Refuse and garbage		1,869		-		-		-		-		-		1,869		1,869
Special assessment		1,882		-		-		-		-		-		1,882		1,882
Accounts receivable		370,484		840,527		857,747		-		-		-		2,068,758		1,956,169
Due from other funds		43,305		18,202		474,680		787,995		3,443,447		1,000		4,768,629		5,038,805
Advances to other funds		1,116,879		-		-		-		-		-		1,116,879		387,635
State, Federal and other governments		888,342		287,387		255,756		-		153,239		-		1,584,724		2,066,824
Revolving loans receivable		-		-		-		-		-		72,162		72,162		110,329
First Time Homebuyers loans receivable		-		-		-		-		_		22,947		22,947		27,551
Rehabilitation loans receivable		-		-		-		-		_		229		229		229
Other assets		-		-		-		-		-		61		61		61
Total assets	\$	10,680,920	\$	2,022,221	\$	2,876,413	\$	2,685,428	\$	8,396,669	\$	524,381	\$ 2	27,186,032	\$	25,018,257
Liabilities																
Accounts payable	\$	309,297	\$	63,219	\$	144,601	\$	_	\$	304,692	\$	3,400	\$	825,209	\$	1,395,941
Accrued liabilities	•	1,228,607	7	65,865	•	43,592	•	_	*	-	•	-	,	1,338,064	•	1,235,284
Due to other funds		682,056		474,680		315,237		2,573,604		678,747		44,305		4,768,629		5,038,805
Advances from other funds		-		857,163		259,716		_,,		-		-		1,116,879		387,635
Due to employee retirement systems		258,166		21,667		21,667		_		_		_		301,500		340,666
Other liabilities		32,557		12,925				_		_		_		45,482		27,535
Unearned revenue		-		-		_		_		520,395		95,543		615,938		138,109
Bond anticipation notes		176,500		_		_		_		6,641,974		-		6,818,474		5,679,372
Total liabilities		2,687,183		1,495,519		784,813		2,573,604		8,145,808		143,248	1	15,830,175		14,243,347
Deferred Inflows of Resources						·						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>		
Taxes collected for subsequent year		5,179,475		-		-		-		-		-		5,179,475		4,527,299
Fried Family																
Fund Equity										0.400.477				0.400.477		0.447.004
Restricted		-		-		-		-		2,189,477		-		2,189,477		2,447,894
Assigned		210,034		526,702		2,091,600		111,824		- (4 000 040)		381,133		3,321,293		3,442,873
Unassigned (deficit)		2,604,228		-		-		-		(1,938,616)		-		665,612		356,844
Total fund equity		2,814,262		526,702		2,091,600		111,824		250,861		381,133		6,176,382		6,247,611
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund equity	\$	10,680,920	\$	2,022,221	\$	2,876,413	\$	2,685,428	\$	8,396,669	\$	524,381	\$ 2	27,186,032	\$	25,018,257

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY-ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31,

			Major Funds			Non-Major Funds		
Revenue	General	Water	Sewer	Debt Service	Capital Project Funds	Special Revenue Funds	2022 (Memo only) Total	2021 (Memo only) Total
Real property taxes	\$ 7,285,307	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ 7,285,307	
Special assessment tax - real property	04.750	-	-	-	-	-	- 04 750	13,627
Real property tax items	81,752	-	-	-	-	-	81,752	58,351
Non-property tax items	5,489,152	2 000 040	4 444 540	-	-		5,489,152	5,297,477
Departmental income	1,149,370	3,808,049	4,111,519	-	-	57,021	9,125,959	8,838,420
Intergovernmental charges Use of money and property	187,518 10,233	-	377,008	3,268	2645	231	564,526 16,377	308,226 11,783
		-	-	3,200	2,645	231		
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures	71,263	-	-	-	-	-	71,263 11,031	103,405 22,768
	11,031	-	-	-	-	-	11,031	136,304
Sale of property & compensation for loss Miscellaneous local sources	-	-	-	364	381,027	26,339	407,730	281,471
State aid	2,970,849	-	-	304	4,572,464	20,339	7,543,313	3,440,215
Federal aid	340,359	-	-	-	1,002,000	-	1,342,359	850,702
Total revenue	17,596,834	3,808,049	4,488,527	3,632	5,958,136	83,591	31,938,769	26,619,245
Expenditures		.,,.	,,-	-,	.,,		,,,,,,,	-,,
•	0.770.404	77 700	00.000	0.700	004.040	05.000	2.475.000	0.707.044
General government support	2,776,421	77,706	62,000	9,722	224,218	25,902	3,175,969	2,797,941
Public safety	6,133,472	-	-	-	83,764	-	6,217,236	5,962,332
Health	67,397	-	-	-	-	-	67,397	50,749
Transportation	2,054,400	-	-	-	3,638,141	-	5,692,541	3,317,193
Economic development	2,000	-	-	-	- EE0 100	-	2,000	- 1 00E 00E
Culture and recreation	903,720	- 0.400 EEG	-	-	552,109	- 45 547	1,455,829	1,885,905
Home and community services	173,630 4,672,914	2,180,556 575,577	2,256,159 574,244	-	1,718,879	45,517 -	6,374,741	6,158,521 5,621,341
Employee benefits Debt service:	4,072,914	373,377	374,244	-	-	-	5,822,735	3,021,341
Principal				2,911,396			2,911,396	2,802,522
Interest	_	-	-	566,052	_	-	566,052	727,723
	-	<u>-</u>		•				
Total expenditures	16,783,954	2,833,839	2,892,403	3,487,170	6,217,111	71,419	32,285,896	29,324,227
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	812,880	974,210	1,596,124	(3,483,538)	(258,975)	12,172	(347,127)	(2,704,982)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from lease	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	321,875
BANS redeemed from appropriations	-	-	-	-	275,898	-	275,898	127,940
Proceeds from refunding of bonds	-	-	-	5,788,573	-	-	5,788,573	250,000
Payment for refunding of bonds	-	-	-	(5,788,573)	-	-	(5,788,573)	-
Operating transfers in	38,614	-	-	3,452,682	737,235	-	4,228,531	4,717,366
Operating transfers out	(1,380,797)	(1,142,423)	(1,291,868)	-	(399,829)	(13,614)	(4,228,531)	(4,717,366)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,342,183)	(1,142,423)	(1,291,868)	3,452,682	613,304	(13,614)	275,898	699,815
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	(529,303)	(168,213)	304,256	(30,856)	354,329	(1,442)	(71,229)	(2,005,167)
Fund equity (deficit), beginning of year	3,343,565	694,915	1,787,344	142,680	(103,468)	382,575	6,247,611	8,176,169
Prior period adjustments	3,343,505	034,810	1,707,344	142,000	(100,400)	-	0,241,011	76,609
Fund equity, end of year	\$ 2,814,262	\$ 526,702	\$ 2,091,600	\$ 111,824 \$	250,861	\$ 381,133	\$ 6,176,382	\$ 6,247,611
i una equity, ena oi year	Ψ 2,014,202	ψ 020,102	Ψ 2,001,000	ψ 111,024 (200,001	ψ 501,133	ψ 0,170,002	Ψ 0,241,011

STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

		lopted udget	1	Amended Budget		Actual	En	cumbrances	F	/ariance avorable favorable)
Revenue										
Real property taxes	\$ 7	,285,307	\$	7,285,307	\$	7,285,307	\$	-	\$	-
Real property tax items		103,000		103,000		81,752		-		(21,248)
Non-property tax items	4	,852,500		4,852,500		5,489,152		-		636,652
Departmental income	1	,265,000		1,265,000		1,149,370		-		(115,630)
Intergovernmental charges		338,956		338,956		187,518		-		(151,438)
Use of money and property		10,000		10,000		10,233		-		233
Licenses and permits		104,750		104,750		71,263		-		(33,487)
Fines and forfeitures		35,000		35,000		11,031		-		(23,969)
Sales of property and compensation for loss		14,500		14,500		-		-		(14,500)
State aid	3	3,078,027		3,078,027		2,970,849		-		(107,178)
Federal aid		-		-		340,359		-		340,359
Total revenue	17	,087,040		17,087,040		17,596,834		-		509,794
Expenditures										
General government support	2	2,494,777		2,444,478		2,776,421		36,627		(368,570)
Public safety	5	5,995,672		6,042,912		6,133,472		15,463		(106,023)
Health		59,315		73,544		67,397		-		6,147
Transportation	2	2,188,997		2,211,997		2,054,400		14,274		143,323
Economic development		2,000		2,000		2,000		-		-
Culture and recreation	1	,090,949		1,100,807		903,720		23,670		173,417
Home and community services		195,804		195,804		173,630		-		22,174
Employee benefits	4	,743,650		4,743,650		4,672,914		-		70,736
Total expenditures	16	5,771,164		16,815,192		16,783,954		90,034		(58,796)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		315,876		271,848		812,880		(90,034)		450,998
Other financing sources (uses)										
Operating transfers in		-		-		38,614		-		38,614
Operating transfers out		(652,675)		(1,078,084)		(1,380,797)		-		(302,713)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(652,675)		(1,078,084)		(1,342,183)		-		(264,099)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing	Φ.	(000 700)	Φ.	(000,000)	Φ.	(500,000)	Φ.	(00.004)	Φ	400.000
sources over expenditures and other financing uses	\$	(336,799)	\$	(806,236)	\$	(529,303)	\$	(90,034)	\$	186,899

STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

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(Water Fund and Sewer Fund Only)

	Adopted Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenue					(Ginar Gianie)	
Departmental income	\$ 7,640,595	\$ 7,640,595	\$ 7,919,568	\$ -	\$ 278,973	
Intergovernmental charges	425,000	425,000	377,008	-	(47,992)	
Total revenue	8,065,595	8,065,595	8,296,576	-	230,981	
Expenditures						
General government support	288,000	188,246	139,706	-	48,540	
Home and community services	4,329,970	4,327,215	4,436,715	16,023	(125,523)	
Employee benefits	1,182,600	1,182,600	1,149,821	-	32,779	
Total expenditures	5,800,570	5,698,061	5,726,242	16,023	(44,204)	
Excess of revenue						
over expenditures	2,265,025	2,367,534	2,570,334	(16,023)	186,777	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Operating transfers out	(2,265,025) (2,499,025)	(2,434,291)	-	64,734	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,265,025) (2,499,025)	(2,434,291)	-	64,734	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over						
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ (131,491)	\$ 136,043	\$ (16,023)	\$ 251,511	

STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

		Adopted Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	ı	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
Revenue					`	
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$ 3,268	\$ -	\$	3,268
Miscellaneous local sources		115,708	364	-		(115,344)
Total revenue		115,708	3,632	-		(112,076)
Expenditures						
General government support		14,854	9,722	-		5,132
Debt service:						
Principal		3,097,807	2,911,396	-		186,411
Interest		152,751	566,052			(413,301)
Total expenditures		3,265,412	3,487,170	-		(221,758)
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenue over expenditures	-	(3,149,704)	(3,483,538)	-		(333,834)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Proceeds from serial bonds - refunding		-	5,788,573	-		5,788,573
Payment for refunding of bonds		-	(5,788,573)	-		(5,788,573)
Operating transfers in		3,265,412	3,452,682	-		187,270
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,265,412	3,452,682	-		187,270
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures	\$	115,708	\$ (30,856)	\$ -	\$	(146,564)

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF MAY 31, 2022

Total fund balance - governmental funds		\$ 6,176,382
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Capital assets consist of the following at year-end:		
Cost of the assets	\$ 156,255,776	
Accumulated depreciation	(63,624,413)	
		92,631,363
Net Pension Asset related to actuarial update of the Empoyee		
Retirement System (ERS)		1,382,383
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental		
funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.		(275,418)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to actuarial pension		
differences are reported on the statement of net position and amortized		
over the average members' years of service. In the governmental funds		
pension expense is based on required contributions.		(3,122,808)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to actuarial OPEB		
differences are reported on the statement of net position and amortized		
over the average members' years of service. In the governmental funds		
OPEB expense is based on required contributions.		71,000
Long-term liabilities, including serial bonds payable, are not		
due and payable in the current period and therefore are not		
reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term		
liabilities at year-end consist of the following:		
NVC Environmental Facilities Commenties Band	(0.450.000)	
NYS Environmental Facilities Corporation Bond Serial Bonds payable	(2,150,000) (32,701,073)	
Net pension liability PFRS	(615,718)	
Lease liability	(525,221)	
Other post-employment benefits	(401,105)	
Compensated absences	 (289,428)	(36,682,545)
Total net position - governmental liabilities	=	\$ 60,180,357

	G	Total overnmental Funds	Long-term Assets and Outflow Transactions	'S	Long-term Liability and Inflows Transactions	F	declassifications and Eliminations	Statement of Net Position Totals
Assets			_		_	_	_	
Cash on hand	\$	1,565	\$ -		\$ -	\$	- \$	1,565
Cash on deposit		17.511.100					(7.500.544)	0.004.044
Regular accounts		17,544,188	-		-		(7,562,544)	9,981,644
Cash with fiscal agent		2,139	-		-		-	2,139
Receivables		1.000						1.000
Refuse and garbage		1,869	-		-		-	1,869
Special assessment Accounts receivable		1,882 2,068,758	-		-		-	1,882 2,068,758
Due from other funds		4,768,629	-		-		(4,768,629)	2,000,730
Advances to other funds		1,116,879	-		-		(1,116,879)	-
			-		-		(1,110,079)	- 1,584,724
State, Federal and other governments		1,584,724 72,162	-		-		-	72,162
Revolving loans receivable		22,947	-		-		-	22,947
First Time Homebuyers loans receivable Rehabilitation loans receivable		22,947	-		-		-	22,947
Other assets		61	-		-		-	61
Cash to be used for capital assets		01	-				- 7,562,544	7,562,544
•		-	1.382.3	22	-		7,302,344	1,382,383
Net pension asset - ERS Capital Assets, net		-	92,631,36		-		-	92,631,363
Total assets	_	27,186,032	92,031,30				(5,885,508)	115,314,270
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred outflows related to pensions		-	7,145,74	17	-		-	7,145,747
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		-	71,00	00	-		-	71,000
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	27,186,032	\$ 101,230,49	93	\$ -	\$	(5,885,508) \$	122,531,017
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	825,209	\$ -		\$ -	\$	- \$	825,209
Accrued liabilities		1,338,064	-		275,418		(125,000)	1,488,482
Due to other funds		4,768,629	-		-		(4,768,629)	-
Advances from other funds		1,116,879	-		-		(1,116,879)	-
Due to employee retirement system		301,500	-		-		-	301,500
Other liabilities		45,482	-		-		-	45,482
Unearned revenue		615,938	-		-		-	615,938
Net pension liability - PFRS		-	-		615,718		-	615,718
Bond anticipation notes payable		6,818,474	-		-		-	6,818,474
NYS EFC note		-	-		2,150,000		-	2,150,000
Serial bonds payable		-	-		32,701,073		-	32,701,073
Lease liability		-	-		525,221		-	525,221
Environmental liability		-	-		-		125,000	125,000
Other post-employment benefits		-	-		401,105		-	401,105
Compensated absences		-	-		289,428		-	289,428
Total liabilities		15,830,175	-		36,957,963		(5,885,508)	46,902,630
Deferred inflows of resources								
Deferred inflows related to pensions		-	-		10,268,555		-	10,268,555
Taxes collected for subsequent year		5,179,475						5,179,475
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		21,009,650	-		47,226,518		(5,885,508)	62,350,660
Fund equity/net position		6,176,382	101,230,49	93	(47,226,518)	-	60,180,357
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund equity/net position	\$	27,186,032	\$ 101,230,49	12	¢	\$	(5,885,508) \$	122,531,017

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds			\$	(71,229)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in				
statement of activities are different because:				
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures.				
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is				
allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. Activity for the current fiscal year ended was as follows:				
Capital outlays	\$	5,528,924	1	
Depreciation expense	Ψ	(4,381,49		
		(1,001,101	<u>- 7 </u>	1,147,429
Repayment of bond and other long term debt principal is an expenditure in the				
government funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of				0.044.000
net position.				2,911,396
Bond anticipation notes redeemed from appropriations is recorded as				
revenue and other sources in the governmental funds, whereas the repayment				
reduces short-term liabilities in the statement of net position.				(275,898)
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the				
amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized				
as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus required the use				
of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest				
expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.				(400 570)
Bond Issuance costs on refunding are expensed in the statement of activities.				(188,573)
City's proportionate share of actuarial calculated pension expense and				
net amortization of deferred amounts are recorded in the statement of				
activities, wheras in the governmental funds pension expense is based				
on City's required contribution to pension plans.				1,354,233
City's proportionate share of actuarial calculated OPEB expense and				
net amortization of deferred amounts are recorded in the statement of				
activities, wheras in the governmental funds OPEB expense is based				
on City's required contribution to OPEB plan.				294,565
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated				
absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year.				
In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items				
are measured by the amount of financial resources used.				2,481
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	5,174,404

See accompanying independent auditor's report and notes to financial statements.

	G	Total overnmental Funds	Α	Long-term ssets and Outflows Transactions	Long-term Liability and Inflows Transactions		eclassifications and Eliminations	tatement of Activities Total
Revenues								
Real property taxes	\$	7,285,307	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 7,285,307
Real property tax items		81,752		-	-		-	81,752
Non-property tax items		5,489,152		-	-		-	5,489,152
Departmental income		9,125,959		-	-		(9,125,959)	-
Intergovernmental charges		564,526		-	=		(564,526)	-
Use of money and property		16,377		-	=		(3,537)	12,840
Licenses and permits		71,263		-	=		(71,263)	-
Fines and forfeitures		11,031		-	-		(11,031)	-
Miscellaneous local sources		407,730		-	-		(381,027)	26,703
State aid		7,543,313		-	-		(5,065,466)	2,477,847
Federal aid		1,342,359		=	=		(1,342,359)	-
Total revenues		31,938,769					(16,565,168)	15,373,601
Expenditures/Expenses								
General government support		3,175,969		(437,576)	116,844		(489,457)	2,365,780
Public safety		6,217,236		885,102	-		(368,900)	6,733,438
Health		67,397		12,869	-		(558,939)	(478,673)
Transportation		5,692,541		(528,996)	-		(4,856,394)	307,151
Economic development		2,000		-	-		-	2,000
Culture and recreation		1,455,829		(352,746)	-		(248,641)	854,442
Home and community services		6,374,741		(726,082)	-		(8,376,897)	(2,728,238
Employee benefits		5,822,735		-	(1,651,279)	(1,665,940)	2,505,516
Debt service:								
Principal		2,911,396		-	(2,911,396	5)	-	-
Interest		566,052		=	71,729	ĺ	-	637,781
Total expenditures/expenses		32,285,896		(1,147,429)	(4,374,102	!)	(16,565,168)	10,199,197
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over								
expenditures		(347,127))	1,147,429	4,374,102	!	-	5,174,404
Other sources and (uses)								
BANs redeemed from appropriations		275,898		-	(275,898	5)	-	-
Proceeds from refunding bonds		5,788,573		-	(5,788,573	5)	-	-
Payment for refunding of bonds		(5,788,573))	-	5,788,573		-	=
Operating transfers in		4,228,531		-	-		(4,228,531)	-
Operating transfers out		(4,228,531))	-	-		4,228,531	-
Total other sources (uses)		275,898		-	(275,898	5)	-	-
Net change for the year	\$	(71,229)	\$	1,147,429	\$ 4,098,204	. \$	_	\$ 5.174.404

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the *City of Olean, New York* have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The *City of Olean, New York*, which was incorporated in 1915, is governed by the Charter of the City of Olean, other general laws of the State of New York and various local laws and ordinances. The Common Council, which is the legislative body responsible for the overall operation of the City, consists of the seven aldermen elected by ward. The Mayor serves as chief executive officer and the Auditor serves as chief fiscal officer of the City.

The following basic services are provided: police and fire protection, animal control, ambulance service, street lighting, street maintenance, snow removal, and public parking. The City also operates a recreational complex, a community building, an airport, a stadium, a system of parks, and water and sewer utilities. All governmental activities and functions performed for the City of Olean are its direct responsibility. No other governmental organizations have been included or excluded from the reporting entity.

The financial reporting entity includes organizations, functions and activities over which elected officials exercise oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility is determined on the basis of financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

Although the following organizations, functions or activities are related to the City they are not included in the City's reporting entity because of the reasons noted:

<u>Olean City School City</u> - was created by state legislation, which designates the school board as the governing authority. The voters of the City elect school board members. The board designates management and exercises complete responsibility for all fiscal matters. The Council exercises no oversight over school operations.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

The City of Olean Housing Authority was created in 1969 and the Olean Urban Renewal Agency was created in 1966, both by acts of the New York State Legislature. The Mayor appoints their governing boards. The City government provides no subsidies nor is it responsible for debt or operating deficits of these entities. The City government does not appoint management nor does it approve the entities' budgets, contracts or hiring of staff. The Common Council may approve or disapprove wage rates of the Housing Authority. The City government has no other oversight responsibility for funds of these entities.

B. Basis of Presentation

1. Government-wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the City's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenue.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the City's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

3. Fund Categories

a. Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus of the governmental funds is upon determination of financial position. The following are the City's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is the principal operating fund and includes all operations not required to be recorded in other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The special revenue funds are Sewer, Water, Revolving Loan, Housing Rehabilitation, First Time Homebuyers and Miscellaneous Special Revenue funds.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction or major repair of major capital facilities.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - used to account for current payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt and for financial resources accumulated for payment of future principal and interest on long-term indebtedness.

b. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Fund Types are used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the City acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the government-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the City, and are not available to be used. The City does not have any activities that qualify for reporting as fiduciary.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

D. **Property Taxes**

City property taxes are levied annually and become a lien by May 1, preceding the fiscal year, which commences June 1. The City collects taxes until July 31 with late payment penalties of 1% added June 1 and July 1. Taxes uncollected at July 31 are turned over to Cattaraugus County for enforcement. The City receives the full amount of such taxes, plus the additional 2% penalty, within the year of levy.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For financial statement purposes, all highly liquid investments of three months or less are considered as cash equivalents.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Fund Equity - Reservations and Designations

Reservations of fund equity are created to either satisfy legal restrictions or to plan for future expenditures. A designation of unreserved fund equity in governmental funds indicates the use of these resources in the subsequent year's budget. The following is a description of the reserves utilized by the City:

1. Governmental Funds

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

A. Nonspendable

Fund balance associated with assets that are inherently nonspendable in the current period because of their form or because they must be maintained intact, including inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned). The City did not have any nonspendable fund balance as of May 31, 2022.

B. Restricted

Fund balance amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitutional, external resource providers including creditors, grantors, contributors, etc., or through enabling legislation. Restricted Fund Balance includes the following categories:

1. Reserve for Debt Service

This reserve is comprised of transfers and interest earnings on bond proceeds to be used to pay future debt service payments. This reserve is accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

2. Reserve for Capital Projects

This reserve is comprised of proceeds from obligations and local sources to be used to pay for future capital projects. This reserve is accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. <u>Fund Equity - Reservations and Designations</u> (continued)

1. Governmental Funds (continued)

C. Committed

Fund balance amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's Common Council, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City did not have any committed fund balance as of May 31, 2022.

D. Assigned

Fund balance intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but does not meet the criteria to be restricted or committed. Along with the City's Common Council, the City Auditor has been authorized to assign fund balance amounts for specific purposes through the establishment of an encumbrance.

1. Encumbrance Reserve

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments of the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is used in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Project Funds. The cost of construction contract commitments generally is recorded as an encumbrance of Capital Project Funds and is presented as a reserve for encumbrances. These committed amounts generally will become liabilities in future periods as the contractors perform the construction work. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. As of May 31, 2022, the general, water and sewer funds had \$90,034, \$- and \$16,023, respectively, recorded as encumbrances.

2. Special Revenue Fund Balance

Water Fund, Sewer Fund, and Non-Major Special Revenue Fund balances are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes.

3. Appropriated Fund Balance

In the general fund, \$120,000 of fund equity has been designated as the amount estimated to be applied towards the budget for the fiscal year ending May 31, 2023.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. <u>Fund Equity - Reservations and Designations</u> (continued)

1. Governmental Funds (continued)

E. Unassigned

The residual classification of the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

2. Government-wide financial statements

A. Net Investment in Capital Assets

This designation of net position is used to accumulate the capital asset balance in the statement of net position less accumulated depreciation and outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

B. Restricted

This category represents amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitutional, external resource providers including creditors, grantors, contributors, etc., or through enabling legislation.

C. Unrestricted

This category represents net assets of the City not restricted for any other purpose.

3. Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

When more than one classification of fund balance of the City are eligible to be utilized for an expenditure of the City, the order in which the fund balance classifications will be utilized will be as follows:

- Restricted fund balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance for which action has been taken by the Common Council, a designated City official, or by the voters of the City, specifically designating funds to the expenditure;
- Assigned fund balance created specifically for the expenditure (encumbered fund balance);
- d. Assigned fund balance within funds other than the General Fund of the City to which the expenditure relates;
- e. Unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Budgetary Data

1. Budget Policies

The budget policies are as follows:

- a. The City's administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Common Council for the General, Water, Sewer and Debt Service Funds. The Common Council adopts the budget on or before April 15.
- b. The governing board must approve all modifications of the budget. However, the City Auditor is authorized to transfer certain budgeted amounts within departments.
- c. Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures and encumbrances, which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Common Council approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The City had supplemental appropriations of \$370,878 and \$110,000 in the General and Sewer funds, respectively, during the year ended May 31, 2022.

2. Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

The budget and actual comparison for Special Revenue Funds, included in the statement of revenue and expenditures – budget and actual, reflects budgeted and actual amounts for funds with legally authorized (appropriated) budgets.

Budgetary controls for the special revenue funds (other than the Water and Sewer Fund) are established in accordance with the applicable grant agreement or authorized project limit, which may cover a period other than the City's fiscal year. Consequently, the budgets for such funds have been excluded from the statement of revenue, expenditures, encumbrances and changes in fund balance - budget and actual.

Certain Special Revenue Funds have not been included in the comparison because they do not have the legally authorized (appropriated) budgets.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Budgetary Data (continued)

2. Budget Basis of Accounting (continued)

The following is a reconciliation of the actual activity of these unbudgeted funds to the actual activity on the budget to actual comparison:

	June 1, 2021 Fund Equity	Revenues and Other Sources	Expenditures and Other Uses	May 31, 2022 Fund Equity
Total for funds included in Budget Comparison	\$ 2,482,259	\$ 8,296,576	\$ 8,160,533	\$ 2,618,302
Funds not included in budget				
comparison: Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund	69.103	26.339	25.902	69,540
Revolving Loan Fund	291,236	50,940	45,326	296,850
First Time Homebuyers Fund	13,839	6,310	13,805	6,344
Housing Rehabilitation Fund	8,397	2		8,399
Total Special Revenue Funds	\$ 2,864,834	\$ 8,380,167	\$ 8,245,566	\$ 2,999,435

H. Revenue Recognition

1. Sales and Use Taxes

The State of New York allocates a portion of its sales and use tax collection to all the municipalities within the State. The portion allocated to the City of Olean for 2021-2022 was \$5,189,647 as compared to \$4,930,112 for the prior fiscal year, an increase of \$259,535. The City's General Fund Balance Sheet, as of May 31, 2022, reflects a receivable balance from Federal and State governments of \$888,342, of which, \$629,590, represents an amount of sales and use tax that is "measurable and available" at the end of the fiscal year in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, for sales tax revenue. The City records this amount as non-property tax revenue in the general fund.

I. Capital Assets

As of May 31, 2014, the City had an independent appraisal of its fixed assets conducted by third-party professionals. As such, land, buildings equipment and vehicles are reported at estimated historical cost based on the appraisal. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements as follows:

I. Capital Assets (continued)

	Capitalizat Thresho		Estimated Useful Life
Buildings Land	\$ 1,00	0 Straight-line	40 years
Improvements Furniture and	\$ 1,00	0 Straight-line	25 years
equipment	\$ 1,00	0 Straight-line	7 years
Transportation vehicles	\$ 1,00	0 Straight-line	8 years

J. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue is reported on the City's combined balance sheet and statement of net position. Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the City has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Compensated Absences

Sick leave and Comp Time Pay - certain of the City's employee groups have negotiated benefits payable based on accumulated unused sick and comp days. Generally the employee must have accumulated minimum years of service with the City and must be eligible for retirement under the provisions of either the employee retirement systems. The City has recorded an estimated liability in the statement of net position as of May 31, 2022 amounting to \$289,428 to recognize the cost of the benefits for those employees eligible to receive such benefits. Payment of these benefits is dependent on many factors; therefore, the timing of future payments is not readily determinable. The City budgetary believes sufficient resources and appropriations will be available as the benefits become payable in future years. The liability for compensated absences is calculated at rates in effect as of the balance sheet date and is recorded in the governmental-wide financial statements.

L. Retirement Incentives

The City has offered retirement incentives under separate collective bargaining agreements which are more thoroughly discussed subsequently in these notes.

M. Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported revenues and expenses.

N. Reclassification

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

O. Interfund Activity

The amounts reported on the statement of net position for due to and from other funds represents amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the individual fund balances at year-end is provided subsequently in these notes.

During the course of operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of revenue to provide services and construct assets. Eliminations have been also made for amounts transferred to and from the same fund type.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Total Columns on the Financial Statements

Total columns on the general-purpose financial statements are captioned "Memo Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, nor is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

Q. Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

The City reports increases and decreases in net assets that relate to future periods as deferred inflows and outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element. deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the City's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the City's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second item is the City contributions to the OPEB plan and pension systems (ERS and PFRS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is reported as revenue not available - taxes. The second is related to pensions reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the City's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS and PFRS Systems) and difference during the measurement periods between the City's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense.

NOTE 2 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the government-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the statement of activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A. <u>Total Fund Equity of Governmental Funds vs. Net</u> Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund equity of the City's governmental funds differs from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the statement of net position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the statement of net position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund equity and the statement of activities fall into one of three broad categories, which are summarized below.

1. Long-term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenue only when they are considered "measurable" and "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenue when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 2 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES
BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND
GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity vs. Statement of Activities (continued)

2. Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the statement of activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the statement of activities.

3. Long-term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the statement of activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the statement of net position.

4. Pension Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the City's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the City's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

5. OPEB Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the City's total OPEB liability and differences between the City's contributions and OPEB expense.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Cash and Investments

The City's investment policies are governed by State statutes. In addition, the City has its own written investment policy. City monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The City is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the City's deposits may not be returned to it. While the City does not have a specific policy with regards to custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the City's investment policies. At May 31, 2022, the City's bank deposits were fully collateralized.

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities, schools and cities.

a. Deposits

Deposits are valued at cost or cost plus interest and are categorized as either:

- Insured through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by the agent in the entity's name;
- (2) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agency in the entity's name:

(3) Uncollateralized

Total financial institution (bank) balances at May 31, 2022 per the bank were approximately \$18,139,000. These deposits are categorized as follows:

_	Category 1		Category 2	Cate	gory 3	Carrying Value		
	\$	250,000	\$ 17,889,000	\$	_	\$18,139,000		

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Assets (continued)

1. Cash and Investments (continued)

b. Cash Held with Fiscal Agent

Deposits held by NYS EFC as of May 31, 2022 totaled \$2,139 and represent proceeds remaining on bonds that were issued in November 2017 related to the wastewater treatment plant.

2. Capital Assets

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance 5/31/21	Additions, Transfers and Prior Period Adjustment	Ending Balance 5/31/22		
Capital assets that are not depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$ 384,187 2,371,731	\$ - 2,585,571	\$ 384,187 4,957,302		
Capital assets that are depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment	122,337,999 16,872,847	1,343,725 492,541	123,681,724 17,365,388		
Vehicles	8,760,088	1,107,087	9,867,175		
Total historical cost	150,726,852	\$ 5,528,924	156,255,776		
Less: Accumulated depreciation:	59,242,918	\$ 4,381,495	63,624,413		
Total net book value	\$ 91,483,934		\$ 92,631,363		
Depreciation expense: General governmental support \$ 561,634 Public safety 1,136,259 Health 12,869 Transportation 965,141 Economic development - Culture and recreation 240,339 Home and community services 1,465,253					

The City had capital additions in the amount of \$5,528,924 related to the Washington Street, the Airport OATs Busses and various other equipment and improvements.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Assets (continued)

3. Receivables

Receivables at May 31, 2022 consisted of the following, which are stated at net realizable value.

Fund	Fund Description		
General Fund	Due from Federal & State		
	- Other	\$	258,752
General Fund	Due from Federal & State		
	- NYS sales tax		629,590
General Fund	Other receivables		374,235
Special Revenue:			
Capital Fund	Due from Federal & State		153,239
Water Fund			
	 water rents and meter 		840,527
Water Fund	Due from other government		287,387
Sewer Fund	Accounts receivable		
	- sewer rents		857,747
Sewer Fund	Due from other government		255,756
Community Development:			
Revolving Loan	Loan receivable		72,162
1 st Time Home	Loan receivable		22,947
Housing Rehab			
riodaling Meriab	LOGIT TOOCIVADIO	\$	229 3,752,571
		φ	3,132,311

The City recorded an allowance for uncollectible accounts for other receivables in the general fund balance sheet and accounts receivable in the statement of net position in the amount of \$92,340 as of May 31, 2022.

B. Liabilities

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue

Deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue at May 31, 2022 recorded in governmental fund were as follows:

		General	S	Special	(Capital
	Fund Revenue		Projects			
	Fund		Fund			
Deferred inflows						
Real property taxes	\$	5,164,313	\$	-	\$	-
Bartlett House		13,280		-		-
Special assessment taxes		1,882		-		-
	\$	5,179,475	\$	-	\$	-
Unearned revenue						
Revolving loans	\$	-	\$	72,162	\$	-
Housing Rehab		-		229		-
1 st Time Home		-		23,152		-
Capital Projects		-		-	\$	520,395
	\$	-	\$	95,543	\$	520,395

Deferred inflows of resources related to real property taxes reflect collections during May 2022 for real property taxes levied on May 1 for the 2022-2023 fiscal year. Deferred inflows from special assessment taxes consist of levies on property owners to be collected after May 31, 2022. Installments on special assessments are due over a period of 5 to 10 years. Revenue from revolving loans is collected over a period of 5 to 20 years.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. <u>Liabilities (continued)</u>

2. Pension Plans

a. Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided

The City participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The City also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

b. Contributions

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (continued)

2. Pension Plans (continued)

b. Contributions (continued)

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

		ERS			PFRS
May 31,	2022 2021 2020	\$	672,766 583,740 569.100	\$	1,335,978 1,110,370 1,042,419

Effective June 1, 1986, the City entered into an agreement with the Patrol Unit of Olean Police Local 967 and the Command Unit of the Olean Police Local 967c to provide health insurance to retired police employees and surviving spouses through the Olean Police Retirees Health Insurance Fund. The City is required to contribute \$53,995 annually to the Fund.

Effective June 1, 1988, the City entered into a similar agreement establishing the Olean General Unit Retirees Health Insurance Fund. The agreement called for the City to contribute \$55,569, to this Fund each year. This agreement was modified through the 2001-2004 Collective Negotiations Agreement to increase the City's contribution to \$91,000 annually to this Fund.

Effective June 1, 1998, the City entered into an agreement establishing the Olean Fire Sick Leave Pay Fund. The City is required to contribute \$18,201 to this fund each year.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (continued)

2. Pension Plans (continued)

b. Contributions (continued)

Over the years, State Legislature authorized local governments to make available retirement incentive programs to qualifying employees. The City had no expenditures incurred or liability accrued related to the retirement incentive liabilities as of and for the year ended May 31, 2022.

ERS and PFRS have provided additional disclosures through entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57, and 105.

c. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At May 31, 2022, the City reported the following liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for each of the Systems. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2022 for ERS and PFRS. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation. The City's proportion of the net pension a liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and PFRS Systems in reports provided to the City.

At May 31, 2022 the City's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	 ERS		PFRS	ERS		PFRS	
Differences between expected and actual							
experience	\$ 104,690	\$	331,938	\$ 4,526,724	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions	2,307,042		3,685,208	38,929		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		-	135,789		5,173,643	
Changes in proportion and differences between the City's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	40,490		374,879	190,494		202,976	
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 83,667		217,833			<u> </u>	
Total	\$ 2,535,889	\$	4,609,858	\$ 4,891,936	\$	5,376,619	

B. Liabilities (continued)

2. Pension Plans (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Measurement date		ERS 3/31/2022		PFRS 3/31/2022		
Net pension asset (liability)	\$	1,382,383	\$	(615,718)		
City's portion of the Plan's total net pension liability		.0169107%		.1083926%		

For the year ended May 31, 2022, the City's recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$(13,414) for ERS and \$628,758 for PFRS.

City contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending May 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, including contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	ERS	PFRS
Year ending:		
2023	\$ (416,929)	\$ (221,766)
2024	(557,045)	(381,049)
2025	(1,210,099)	(1,176,517)
2026	(255,641)	730,817
2027	-	63,922
Thereafter	-	-

d. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (continued)

2. Pension Plans (continued)

d. Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	ERS	PFRS
Measurement date Actuarial valuation	3/31/2022	3/31/2022
date	4/1/2021	4/1/2021
Interest rate	5.9%	5.9%
Salary scale	4.4% average	5.7% average
	4/1/15 – 3/31/20	4/1/15 - 3/31/20
	System's	System's
Decrement tables	Experience	Experience
Inflation rate	2.7%	2.7%

For ERS and PFRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2020.

For ERS and PFRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020.

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

B. Liabilities (continued)

2. Pension Plans (continued)

e. Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

Measurement date	ERS 3/31/22	Expected Rate of Return	PFRS 3/31/22	Expected Rate of Return
Asset Type:				
Domestic Equity	32%	3.30%	32%	3.30%
International Equity	15%	5.85%	15%	5.85%
Private Equity	10%	6.50%	10%	6.50%
Real Estate	9%	5.00%	9%	5.00%
Opportunistic/ARS	3%	4.10%	3%	4.10%
Credit	4%	3.78%	4%	3.78%
Real assets	3%	5.58%	3%	5.58%
Fixed Income	23%	-%	23%	-%
Cash and short-term	1%	(1.00)%	1%	(1.00)%
Total:	100%		100%	

f. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9% for ERS and PFRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions form plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (continued)

2. Pension Plans (continued)

g. Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.9% for ERS and PFRS, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (4.9% for ERS and PFRS) or 1-percentage point higher (6.9% for ERS and PFRS) than the current rate:

ERS	1% Decrease (4.9%)	Current Assumption (5.9%)	1% Increase (6.9%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability	\$ 3,558,238	\$ (1,382,383)	\$ (5,514,973)
, ,			•
	1%	Current	1%
PFRS	 Decrease (4.9%)	Assumption (5.9%)	Increase (6.9%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability	\$ 6,848,917	\$ 615,718	\$ (4,543,715)

h. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of the respective measurement dates, were as follows:

		ERS		PFRS
Measurement date		3/31/22		3/31/22
Employers' total pension liability Plan Net Position Employers' net pension (asset)/liability	\$ \$	223,874,888 232,049,473 (8,174,585)	\$ \$	42,237,292 41,669,250 568,042
Ratio of plan net position to be Employers' total pension liability		103.65%		98.66%

B. Liabilities (continued)

2. Pension Plans (continued)

i. Payables to the Pension Plan Fiduciary

For ERS and PFRS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of May 31, 2022 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2022 through May 31, 2022 based on paid ERS and PFRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of May 31, 2022 for ERS and PFRS amounted to \$83,667 and \$217,833, respectively.

3. Other Post-Employment Benefits

a. General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The City maintains a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Plan). The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retires and their spouses. Benefit provisions are based on bargaining agreements as negotiated from time to time. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. Eligibility for the Plan is established by the City and specified in the City's employment contracts.

Benefits Provided

Benefits are only provided to previously retired managers. The City will contribute most (85% or 100%) of the medical premium amounts for individual and family (dependent) coverage for all eligible retirees, with the exception of one individual, for whom the City contributes 50%.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At May 31, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees employees or beneficiaries
Currently receiving benefit payments
Active employees

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (continued)

3. Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

b. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$401,105 was measured as of June 1, 2021 and rolled forward for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was valued at June 1, 2021 and rolled forward to May 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation - 3.00%

Salary Increase - N/A

Discount Rate - 3.70%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – 5% flat healthcare cost trend rate.

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs – Benefits are only provided to previously retired managers. Varies based on contract. Generally the City pays 85%-100% of the medical premium amounts for individual and family (dependent) coverage for all eligible retirees, with the exception of one individual, for whom the City contributes 50%.

The discount rate was based on S&P Municipal Bond 20 year High Grade Bond index rate.

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 mortality table with adjustment to MP-2021 projection.

c. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Service Cost	\$ -
Interest	17,472
Differences between expected and	
actual experience	(215, 192)
Changes in assumptions	(34,203)
Benefit payments	(62,642)
Net changes	(294,565)
Net OPEB liability – beginning of year	 695,670
Net OPEB liability – end of year	\$ 401,105

B. <u>Liabilities (continued)</u>

3. Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

c.Changes in the Total OPEB Liability (continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (2.70%) or 1% point higher (4.70%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.70%)	Discount Rate (3.70%)	1% Increase (4.70%)
Total OPEB	\$ 425,117	\$ 401,105	\$ 379,403

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Trend Costs

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend costs that are 1% point lower (4%) or 1% point higher (6%) than the current discount rate:

Healthcare

1%

	Decrease (4% flat)	Rate (5% flat)	Increase (6% flat)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 381,282	\$ 401,105	\$ 422,562

1%

d. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended May 31, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$231,923. At May 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (continued)

3. Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

d. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between Expected and actual	-		_	
experience Changes of assumptions	\$	-	\$	-
or other inputs		-		-
Benefits paid subsequent to measurement period		71,000		
Total	\$	71,000	\$	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending May 31	7	Γotal
2023	\$	_
2024	Ψ	_
2025		-
2026		-
2027 Thereafter		_
T.4.1	Φ.	
Total	\$	-

4. Short-Term Debt

a. Bond Anticipation Notes

Liabilities for Bond Anticipation Notes Payable (BANs) are generally accounted for in the General and Capital Projects funds. The notes or renewal thereof may not extend more than two years beyond the original date of issue unless a portion is redeemed within two years and within each 12-month period thereafter.

Notes issued in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds are recorded as a current liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the bonds. Such notes may be classified as Long-Term Debt when (1) the intention is to refinance the debt on a long-term basis and (2) the intention can be substantiated through a post balance sheet issuance of long-term debt or by an acceptable financing agreement. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

B. Liabilities (continued)

4. Short-Term Debt (continued)

a. Bond Anticipation Notes (continued)

State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term obligations within five years after the original issue date. However, BANs issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

In March, 2021, the *City of Olean, New York* issued bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$2,969,372. The notes matured on March 24, 2022 and carried a 0.36% interest rate. The proceeds from this short-term issuance were utilized to finance Walkable Olean Phase 3 and North Union Street improvements.

In June, 2021, the *City of Olean, New York* issued bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$4,040,000. The notes mature on June 9, 2022 and carry a 0.34% interest rate. The proceeds from this short-term issuance were utilized to finance Washington Street Water, Streetscapes, and Fire Fighting Vehicle.

In March, 2022, the *City of Olean, New York* issued bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$2,778,474. The notes mature on March 23, 2023 and carry a 1.00% interest rate. The proceeds from this short-term issuance were utilized to finance Walkable Olean Phase 3 and North Union Street improvements.

The City's bond anticipation notes outstanding as of May 31, 2022 are as follows:

Description	Amount	Interest Rate
Bond Anticipation Notes Walkable Olean Phase 2 Washington Street Phase 1 Washington Street Phase 2 Fire Fighting Vehicle Equipment Equipment Washington Street North Union Street	\$ 1,285,000 1,340,000 597,000 641,500 176,500 1,922,661 855,813	0.34% 0.34% 0.34% 0.34% 0.34% 0.34% 1.00%
Totals	\$ 6,818,474	

b. Revenue Anticipation Notes

Liabilities for Revenue Anticipation Notes Payable (RANs) are generally accounted for as a current liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from issuance of the notes. RANs are short-term municipal debt obligations used to resolve cash flow deficits. They are secured by anticipated collections of fines, license fees, interest income, assessments, user fees, grant funds or other non-tax revenues. The note may not extend more than one year beyond the original date of issue. There were no revenue anticipation notes issued during the fiscal years ended May 31, 2022 and 2021.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (continued)

4. Short-Term Debt (continued)

c. Short-Term Debt Interest

Interest expense on short term indebtedness totaled \$64,709 for the year ended May 31, 2022. That amount was transferred from the general fund to the debt service fund to pay interest expense on bond anticipation notes.

5. Long-Term Debt

a. Debt Limit

At May 31, 2022 the total outstanding indebtedness of the City aggregated \$41,689,547 (including bond anticipation notes and revenue anticipation notes). Of this amount, \$12,520,949 is subject to the constitutional debt limit and represented approximately 33.93% of its statutory debt limit.

b. Serial Bonds

The City borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment or construct buildings and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities, which are full faith and credit debt of the local government, are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The provision to be made in future budgets for capital indebtedness represents the amount exclusive of interest, authorized to be collected in future years from taxpayers and others for liquidation of the long-term liabilities.

In November 2021, the *City of Olean, New York* issued bonds in the amount of \$4,970,000 with interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 4.00%. The bonds will mature in August 2032. The bond included premium of \$818,573 that will be amortized over the life of the bond. The proceeds from the bonds were utilized to refund the 2012 Serial Bond.

c. Other Long-Term Debt

During the fiscal year ended May 31, 2002, the City recorded a long-term liability related to estimated future costs associated with a Department of Conservation's Order on Consent. This situation is more fully described in Note 4F of the financial statements.

B. Liabilities (continued)

5. Long-Term Debt (continued)

d. Installment Purchase Debt - Capital Leases

During the 2009-10 fiscal year, the City of Olean, New York entered into a \$1,046,586 15-year lease with Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company in concurrence with the City of Olean, New York's Energy Performance Audit. Equipment included in the lease agreement consists of lighting and lighting controls, building energy upgrades, a low emissivity ceiling, energy efficient motor replacement, a pump, VFD, and control upgrades to be used throughout various buildings. During the current fiscal year, principal and interest paid on this lease totaled approximately \$95,119, which is included in the interfund transfers to the City's debt service fund. The General Fund, Water Fund and Sewer Fund each paid principal and interest for the year ended May 31, 2022 of \$14,268, \$73,242, and \$7,609, respectively. The remaining balance of this lease was \$266,354 as of May 31, 2022.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (continued)

5. Long-Term Debt (continued)

d. Installment Purchase Debt - Capital Leases (continued)

During the 2020-21 fiscal year, the *City of Olean, New York* entered into two 5-year capital leases with Key Government Finance which totaled \$321,875. Equipment included in the lease agreement consisted of an International dump truck and Altec bucket truck. The General Fund, Water Fund and Sewer Fund each paid principal and interest for the year ended May 31, 2022 of \$48,335, \$10,313, and \$10,312, respectively. The remaining balance of this lease was \$258,867 as of May 31, 2022.

e. Summary Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of bonds outstanding as of May 31, 2022:

	Issued	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Final Maturity	Outstanding May 31, 2022
General Fund					
Public Improvement Bond	06/17	4,984,000	Various	06/34	\$ 3,420,000
Judgement Bond	06/18	500,000	Various	06/24	210,000
Public Improvement Bond	06/19	3,085,000	Various	06/32	2,665,000
Public Improvement Bond	07/20	250,000	4%	07/33	235,000
Special Revenue Funds					
Water Filtration Plant-Ref.	10/12	2,060,000	Various	10/32	1,280,000
Water Filtration Plant	07/03	1,809,453	Various	07/23	225,000
Water Reservoir	07/03	4,665,163	Various	07/24	870,000
Water Filtration Plant	05/13	5,868,000	Various	08/38	3,760,000
Water Public Imp. Bond Refunded	11/21	1,873,200	Various	08/32	1,873,200
Sewer Fund – Public Imp	08/12	1,731,059	Various	08/33	965,000
Sewer Fund - SRF	09/17	3,250,000	Various	08/47	2,785,000
Sewer Fund - SRF	09/17	15,174,840	0%	02/47	12,647,500
Sewer Public Imp. Bond Refunded	11/21	3,096,800	Various	08/32	3,096,800
Total					\$ 34,032,500

Total \$ 34,032,500

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (continued)

5. Long-Term Debt (continued)

f. Changes

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the period ended May 31, 2022:

	-	Balance at une 1, 2021			Reductions		Balance at ay 31, 2022
Bonds Unamortized Bond	\$	30,708,400	\$ 4,970,000	\$	7,555,900	\$	28,122,500
Premium		_	818,573		_		818,573
EFC Grid Note/Bond		1,375,000	-		95,000		1,280,000
EFC Grid Bond		1,140,000	-		270,000		870,000
RD Bond		3,930,000			170,000		3,760,000
Subtotal		37,153,400	5,788,573		8,090,900		34,851,073
Environmental Liability		125,000	-		-		125,000
Compensated Absences		291,909	-		2,481		289,428
Net Pension Liabilities		1,782,960	-		1,167,242		615,718
Other Post-Employment							
Benefits		695,670	-		294,565		401,105
Lease liability		669,819	-		144,598		525,221
		3,565,358	-		1,608,886		1,956,472
	-	<u>. </u>				·	
	\$	40,718,758	\$ 5,788,573	\$	9,699,786	\$	36,807,545

g. Long-Term Debt Interest

Interest expense on long term indebtedness totaled \$501,343 for the year ended May 31, 2022, all of which was recorded in the debt service fund and consisted of \$481,881 of interest on bonds and notes and \$19,462 on leases.

h. Maturity

The following table summarizes the City's future serial bond debt, Rural Development and EFC bond and debt service requirements as of May 31, 2022:

Year Ending Mav 31	Total	Principal	Interest
Iviay 31	TOtal	гинира	IIILEIESL
2023	\$ 2,927,675	\$ 2,390,900	\$ 536,775
2024	2,951,340	2,455,900	495,440
2025	2,747,779	2,290,900	456,879
2026	2,463,366	2,045,900	417,466
2027	2,461,945	2,085,900	376,045
2028-2032	11,765,137	10,569,500	1,195,637
2033-2037	5,690,079	5,299,500	390,579
2038-2042	3,818,447	3,694,500	123,947
2043-2047	3,239,951	3,199,500	40,451
Total	\$38,065,719	\$ 34,032,500	\$ 4,033,219
		-	

h. Maturity (continued)

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the leases including principal and interest:

Year Ending May 31	Total	Р	rincipal	In	terest
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ 165,697 165,697 166,962 68,941	\$	147,117 152,159 158,651 67,294	\$	18,580 13,537 8,313 1,743
Total	\$ 567,297	\$	525,221	\$	42,173

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transactions

Interfund receivables and payables at May 31, 2022 and interfund transactions during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Due From Other Funds	Due to Other Funds	Long-Term Advances Receivable	Long-Term Advances Payable	Interfund Revenue	Interfund Expenditures
General Fund	\$ 43,305	\$ 682,056	\$ 1,116,879	\$ -	\$ 38,614	\$ 1,380,797
Capital Projects Fund	3,443,447	678,747	-	-	737,235	399,829
Agency Fund	-	43,305	-	-	-	-
Debt Service Fund	787,995	2,573,604	-	-	3,452,682	-
Sewer Fund	474,680	315,237	-	259,716	-	1,291,868
Water Fund	18,202	474,680	-	857,163	-	1,142,423
First Time Homebuyer	-	1,000	-	-	-	13,614
Housing Rehab Fund	1,000	<u> </u>				
Totals	\$ 4,768,629	\$ 4,768,629	\$ 1,116,879	\$ 1,116,879	\$ 4,228,531	\$ 4,228,531

During the current year, the General, Water, Sewer and Capital funds transferred \$930,387, \$1,129,923, \$1,070,368 and \$322,004 respectively to the Debt Service Fund to pay for the City's long-term debt obligations.

The General and Sewer funds also transferred \$450,410 and \$209,000, respectively to the City's Capital Projects fund for costs associated with Oak Hill Park (\$305,165), Buffalo Street Underpass (\$209,000) and for various other projects (\$145,245). The remaining \$77,825 of interfund revenue and expense in the capital project is related to a transfer from project 201 to 206.

The Water and Sewer Funds transfer \$12,500 and \$12,500, respectively, to the General fund for the purchase of fuel pumps. The First Time Homebuyer fund transferred \$13,614 to the General Fund to assist with the demolition of unsafe buildings.

D. <u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u>

In October 1997 the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 32 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. The statement established accounting and financial reporting standards for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plans of state and local governments.

On October 1, 1997 the New York State Deferred Compensation Board (Board) created a Trust and Custody agreement making Chase Manhattan Bank the Trustee and Custodian of the Plan. Consequently, Statement No. 32 became effective for the New York State Deferred Compensation Plan as of October 1, 1997. Since the Board is no longer the trustee of the plan, the plan no longer meets the criteria for inclusion in New York State's financial statements. Therefore, municipalities, which participate in New York State's Deferred Compensation Plan, are no longer required to record the value of plan asset.

NOTE 4 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Risk Financing and Related Insurance

The *City of Olean, New York* is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage. The City is self-insured against unemployment claims.

B. Compensated Absences

The City does not accrue a liability for accumulating, non-vesting sick leave, since payment is based on an uncontrollable future event (sickness). In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, the value for accumulating, non-vesting sick leave is considered a contingent liability.

C. Federal and State Audits

The City has received grants reported in the general and capital project funds, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal government. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on past audits and no known significant areas of non-compliance, the City believes disallowances, if any, will not be material.

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

D. <u>Litigation and Pending or Threatened Litigation</u>

The City of Olean provides treatment of sewer waste to a neighboring municipality through an agreement dated September 19, 1980. At the beginning of each fiscal year, the City of Olean provides an estimated billing for the upcoming fiscal year to the municipality based on budgeted expenditures. Subsequent to the year, the estimated billing is compared with actual expenditures and an additional charge or credit is applied to the follow year's estimated billing. In October 2020, the City received communication from the municipality disputing certain expenses utilized in the calculation of the estimated billing for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2021, along with disputing similar expenses included in billings for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2018 through 2020, which were previously paid by the municipality. The municipality continues to dispute certain expenses through the year ended May 31, 2022. As a result of the dispute, the municipality has withheld approximately \$526,000 from its payment through May 31, 2022.

On February 14, 2022, City of Olean served the municipality a notice of claim demanding payment, along with reimbursement of damages, related costs and expenses, and appropriate interest. The City of Olean intends to vigorously pursue payment. Because approximately \$526,000 of the billing for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2021 and 2022 is unpaid and unavailable, it has not been recognized as an asset (receivable) in the Statements of Financial Position and Balance Sheets and has not been recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities or the Statements of Revenue, Expenditures or Changes in Fund Equity for the year ended May 31, 2022.

The City is currently involved in a number of tax certiorari proceedings which are in the discovery phases. At this time, it is not possible to predict with certainty the outcome of these matters.

The City currently has some matters and claims that have been referred to the City's insurance carrier for defense.

The City is involved in litigation regarding a previous capital project which is further described in Note 7.

E. Employee Contracts

The City of Olean has four collective bargaining units, Police Patrol Unit, Police Command Unit, Civil Service Employees Association Unit and Olean Professional Fire Fighters Association. The two Police Unions contracts will expire on May 31, 2025, the Olean

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

E. Employee Contracts (continued)

Professional Fire Fighters Association's contract expired on May 31, 2021(an agreement was reached in the fall of 2022), the Civil Service Employees Association Unit's contract will expire on May 31, 2022.

F. Environmental

In 1994 the *City of Olean, New York* determined that leakage problems existed at the site of its former landfill in Ischua, New York. The City was issued an Order on Consent by the Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) which required the City to prepare an engineering report for the wetland treatment system and to construct a leachate collection and treatment system. The City complied with preparing plans for the treatment system and submitted it to NYSDEC and has not received a response as of the audit report date. The City has accrued \$125,000 as of May 31, 2022, for the estimated costs associated with this Order. It is not known at this time whether other remediation costs will be necessary.

In 2001, the Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) issued an Order of Consent regarding violations of the City's State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES). The Order was subsequently amended in 2003, 2005 and 2014. The 2014 Order on Consent includes a schedule of compliance which sets forth dates for various plans of action concerning the wastewater treatment plant improvements, SPDES permit compliance, collection system improvements and inflow and infiltration elimination and reporting.

A master plan was developed in 2005 to address the items outlined in the initial Order, which was later revised by the City and a third-party engineering firm in 2014 and 2016 and contains two volumes. The first volume contains one element, Treatment Plant Improvements, of which the City is in the final phases of completion. The second volume contains elements two through six consisting of the following action items:

Element 2 - Inceptor Improvements

Element 3 - Pump Station Improvements

Element 4 – Sanitary Sewer Asset Management

Element 5 – Storm Sewer Asset Management Program

Element 6 – Sewer Use Ordinance Enforcement

Each element contains numerous components, some of which have been completed or partially completed, while others are scheduled to be competed in future years through year 2042. Estimated costs to be incurred for the components outlined in Element 2 total approximately \$6.2 million, plus costs to be determined at a later date for long-term inceptor rehabilitation projects scheduled to be completed in 2037 and 2042.

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

F. Environmental (continued)

Costs to be incurred in Element 2 are capital in nature and the City anticipates issuing future debt or receiving grants to finance such projects.

The City anticipates budgeting \$250,000 annually through 2044, for costs associated with Element 4 related to on-going investigation and maintenance. In the current year the City incurred costs in the amount of approximately \$180,000.

Cost estimates for those components not completed in Elements 3, 5 and 6 have not been determined.

It is not possible at this time to estimate the costs to be incurred by the City or the timing of events of Elements 2 through 6 and therefore these costs have not been recognized in the Statement of Net Position or Statement of Activities.

NOTE 5 – TAX ABATEMENTS

The Cattaraugus County Industrial Development Agency entered into a property tax abatement program (Payment in Lieu of Taxes – PILOT) with various corporations in the City of Olean's tax jurisdiction for the purpose of economic development. The agreements with Corporation A through K abate taxes on the new improvements of the property for a period of fifteen years. The terms and amounts of tax abated in the current year are as follow:

Tax abated during the year ended

Corporation	Term	May 31, 2022
Corporation A	2011-2026	\$ 5,567
Corporation B	2011-2026	4,146
Corporation C	2012-2027	4,569
Corporation D	2012-2027	58,413
Corporation E	2014-2029	2,717
Corporation F	2016-2031	1,501
Corporation G	2016-2031	2,627
Corporation H	2017-2032	6,529
Corporation I	2018-2033	11,603
Corporation J	2019-2034	5,342
Corporation K	2020-2035	3,076
Corporation L	2019-2034	1,903
		\$ 107,993

NOTE 6 - FUND BALANCE

1. Classification

The City's fund equity is comprised of various components:

Category/Fund	Description	May 31, 2022
Restricted: Capital	Reserve for Capital	\$ 2,189,477
Assigned: General	Designated for next years budget Reserve for Encumbrances	\$ 120,000 90,034 \$ 210,034
Water	Special Revenue Fund Balance	\$ 526,702
Sewer	Reserve for Encumbrances Special Revenue Fund Balance	\$ 16,023 2,075,577 \$ 2,091,600
Debt Service	Reserve for Debt Service	\$ 111,824
First Time Homebuyers	Special Revenue Fund Balance	\$ 6,344
Housing Rehab	Special Revenue Fund Balance	\$ 8,399
Revolving Loan	Special Revenue Fund Balance	\$ 296,850
Misc. Special Revenue	Special Revenue Fund Balance	\$ 69,540

Accumulated Deficits

The *City of Olean, New York* had certain projects that have been established within the current and prior years. These projects incurred expenses related to the initial phases of the projects. The City anticipates revenue from bond proceeds, federal, state, and local sources to cover these expenses.

Capital Project	May 31, 2022		
Walkable Olean Phase 2 Waste Water Treatment Master Plan Washington Street Pedestrian Safety Action Plan (PSAP) Walkable Olean Phase 3 HVAC Control System North Union Streetscape Fire Department Pumper/DPW West State Street	\$	257,609 20,645 1,155,566 65,507 35,277 33,440 163,420 4,747	
Subtotal	\$	12,644 1,748,855	

NOTE 6 – FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

Accumulated Deficits (continued)

The *City of Olean, New York* had certain projects that when closed out will have deficit fund balances. Management is developing plans to alleviate these deficits in future years. These plans may include transfers from the general fund, from completed capital projects with excess funds, etc.

Capital Project	May	/ 31, 2022
Bradner Stadium Project	\$	19,931
North Union Rehabilitation *		122,156
Homer Street Playground		1,146
Third Street Project		5,215
Bradner Stadium Roof		651
Recreation Center Digital Sign		1,238
Farmers Market		31,624
Repairs to Water Building Wall		7,800
Subtotal	\$	189,761

^{*}This amount does not include the contingent liability as discussed in Note 7.

NOTE 7 - NORTH UNION STREET PROJECT

During September 2017, a contractor filed a notice of petition in New York State Court seeking payment alleged to be owed in connection with the North Union Street reconstruction project. In March, 2018 the State of New York Supreme Court ordered the City to pay \$1,033,571, including interest, to the contractor of which \$586,849 was paid in April 2018 from the City's general (\$431,986), water (\$90,676) and sewer funds (\$64,187), with the remaining \$446,722 paid in June 2018 from proceeds from a general obligation bond.

On October 23, 2018, the contractor filed a second notice of petition in New York State Supreme Court seeking payment in the amount of approximately \$287,000 plus interest alleged to be owed by the City in connection with the North Union Street reconstruction project. During the year ended May 31, 2022 the City recorded expense and a liability of \$175,000 in the General Fund related to the settlement of this claim.

NOTE 8 – COVID 19 PANDEMIC

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel strain of COVID-19 (coronavirus) a global pandemic and has become increasingly widespread in the United States. The coronavirus outbreak has had a significant impact on financial markets and general economic conditions.

NOTE 8 - COVID 19 PANDEMIC (CONTINUED)

Also, in March 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act was passed which provides funding and emergency assistance to Organizations including cities. Included in the CARES Act relief package was the option to defer payroll tax (FICA) payments. As of May 31, 2021 the City had deferred \$344,858, \$49,665, and \$45,190 of payroll taxes in the general, water, and sewer funds, respectively. As of May 31, 2022, \$237,610, remained accrued in the general fund.

Given the uncertainty regarding the COVID-19 Pandemic, the overall financial impact to the City cannot be reasonably predicted or estimated at this time.

NOTE 9 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the year ended May 31, 2021, implementation of GASB No. 84 required prior period adjustments for the governmental and fiduciary funds. This adjustment was needed to move the beginning balances of amounts previously reported as fiduciary funds to the respective governmental funds. Total agency funds of \$76,609 were reclassified from fiduciary funds to a miscellaneous special revenue fund as of June 1, 2020.

NOTE 10 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through March 14, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS GENERAL FUND AS OF MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

Assets		May 31 2022		May 31 2021
	ф	1 505	Φ	1 505
Cash on hand	\$	1,525	Ъ	1,525
Cash on deposit		0.056.634		7 627 222
Regular accounts Receivables		8,256,634		7,637,223
		1,869		1,869
Refuse and garbage Special assessment		1,882		1,882
Accounts receivable		370,484		242,853
Due from other funds		43,305		26,415
Advances to other funds		1,116,879		387,635
State and federal		888,342		1,524,426
Total assets	\$	10,680,920	\$	9,823,828
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to employee retirement system Other liabilities Bond anticipation notes payable	\$	309,297 1,228,607 682,056 258,166 32,557 176,500	\$	357,955 1,036,980 244,886 294,000 19,143
Total liabilities		2,687,183		1,952,964
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Taxes collected for subsequent year		5,179,475		4,527,299
Fund Equity				
Assigned		210,034		435,359
Unassigned		2,604,228		2,908,206
Total fund equity		2,814,262		3,343,565
	\$	10,680,920	\$	9,823,828

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

Real property taxes \$ 7,285,307 \$ 7,256,496 Special assessment tax - real property - 13,627 Real property tax items 81,752 58,351 Non-property tax items 5,489,152 5,297,477 Departmental income 1,149,370 1,077,689 Intergovernmental charges 187,518 199,025 Use of money and property 10,233 8,297 Licenses and permits 71,263 103,405 Fines and forfeitures 11,031 22,768 Sales of property and compensation for loss - 136,050 State aid 2,970,849 2,905,150 Federal aid 340,359 345,168
Special assessment tax - real property - 13,627 Real property tax items 81,752 58,351 Non-property tax items 5,489,152 5,297,477 Departmental income 1,149,370 1,077,689 Intergovernmental charges 187,518 199,025 Use of money and property 10,233 8,297 Licenses and permits 71,263 103,405 Fines and forfeitures 11,031 22,768 Sales of property and compensation for loss - 136,050 State aid 2,970,849 2,905,150
Real property tax items 81,752 58,351 Non-property tax items 5,489,152 5,297,477 Departmental income 1,149,370 1,077,689 Intergovernmental charges 187,518 199,025 Use of money and property 10,233 8,297 Licenses and permits 71,263 103,405 Fines and forfeitures 11,031 22,768 Sales of property and compensation for loss - 136,050 State aid 2,970,849 2,905,150
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Licenses and permits 71,263 103,405 Fines and forfeitures 11,031 22,768 Sales of property and compensation for loss - 136,050 State aid 2,970,849 2,905,150
Fines and forfeitures 11,031 22,768 Sales of property and compensation for loss - 136,050 State aid 2,970,849 2,905,150
Sales of property and compensation for loss - 136,050 State aid 2,970,849 2,905,150
State aid 2,970,849 2,905,150
Total revenue 17,596,834 17,423,503
Expenditures
General government support 2,776,421 2,238,367
Public safety 6,133,472 5,960,232
Health 67,397 50,749
Transportation 2,054,400 2,135,776
Economic development 2,000 -
Culture and recreation 903,720 829,981
Home and community services 173,630 156,410
Employee benefits 4,485,252
Total expenditures 16,783,954 15,856,767
Excess of revenue over expenditures 812,880 1,566,736
Other financing sources (uses)
Operating transfers in 38,614 24,394
Operating transfers out (1,380,797) (1,343,487)
Total other financing sources (uses) (1,342,183) (1,319,093)
Excess of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (529,303) 247,643
Fund equity, beginning of year 3,343,565 3,095,922
Fund equity, end of year \$ 2,814,262 \$ 3,343,565

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AS OF MAY 31, 2022

				Non-Major Funds									
					c. Special	Re	•		Housing		irst Time		
			_	R	evenue		Loan	Re	habilitation	Но	-	(M	lemo only)
	Wa	ater	Sewer		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total
Assets													
Cash on hand	\$	40	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40
Cash on deposit													
Regular accounts	8	76,065	1,288,230		112,845		300,250		7,399		7,488		2,592,277
Receivables													
Accounts receivable		40,527	857,747		-		-		-		-		1,698,274
Due from State, Federal and other governments	2	87,387	255,756		-		-		-		-		543,143
Due from other funds		18,202	474,680		-		-		1,000		-		493,882
Revolving loans receivable		-	-		-		72,162		-		-		72,162
First Time Homebuyers loans receivable		-	-		-		-		-		22,947		22,947
Rehabilitation loans receivable		-	-		-		-		229		-		229
Other assets		-	-		-		-		-		61		61
Total assets	\$ 2,0	22,221	\$ 2,876,413	\$	112,845	\$	372,412	\$	8,628	\$	30,496	\$	5,423,015
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$	63,219	\$ 144,601	\$	-	\$	3,400	\$	-	\$	-	\$	211,220
Accrued liabilities		65,865	43,592		-		-		-		-		109,457
Due to other funds	4	74,680	315,237		43,305		-		-		1,000		834,222
Advances from other funds	8	57,163	259,716		-		-		-		-		1,116,879
Due to employee retirement system		21,667	21,667		-		-		-		-		43,334
Other liabilities		12,925	-		-		-		-		-		12,925
Unearned revenue		-	-		-		72,162		229		23,152		95,543
Total liabilities	1,4	95,519	784,813		43,305		75,562		229		24,152		2,423,580
Fund Equity													
Assigned	5	26,702	2,091,600		69,540		296,850		8,399		6,344		2,999,435
Total fund equity	5	26,702	2,091,600		69,540		296,850		8,399		6,344		2,999,435
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 2,0	22,221	\$ 2,876,413	\$	112,845	\$	372,412	\$	8,628	\$	30,496	\$	5,423,015

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY – ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

			Non-major Funds									
				c. Special	ı	Revolving		Housing	First 1			
				evenue			Re	habilitation		•	(M	emo only)
_	Water	Sewer		Fund		Fund		Fund	Fur	nd		Total
Revenue												
Departmental income	\$ 3,808,049	. , ,		26,339	\$	50,714	\$	-	\$	6,307	\$	8,002,928
Intergovernmental charges	-	377,008		-		-		-		-		377,008
Use of money and property	-	-		-		226		2		3		231
Sales of property & compensation for loss		-		-		-		-		-		
Total revenue	3,808,049	9 4,488,527		26,339		50,940		2		6,310		8,380,167
Expenditures												
General government support	77,706	62,000		25,902		-		-		-		165,608
Home and community services	2,180,556	2,256,159		-		45,326		-		191		4,482,232
Employee benefits	575,57	7 574,244		-		-		-		-		1,149,821
Total expenditures	2,833,839	9 2,892,403		25,902		45,326		-		191		5,797,661
Excess (deficiency) of revenue												
over expenditures	974,210	1,596,124		437		5,614		2		6,119		2,582,506
Other financing uses												
Operating transfers out	(1,142,42	3) (1,291,868)	-		-		-	(1	3,614)		(2,447,905)
Total financing uses	(1,142,42	3) (1,291,868)	-		-		-	(1	3,614)		(2,447,905)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over												
expenditures and other financing uses	(168,213	3) 304,256		437		5,614		2	((7,495)		134,601
Fund equity, beginning of year	694,91	5 1,787,344		69,103		291,236		8,397	1	3,839		2,864,834
Fund equity, end of year	\$ 526,702	2 \$ 2,091,600	\$	69,540	\$	296,850	\$	8,399	\$	6,344	\$	2,999,435

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AS OF MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

	 May 31 2022	May 31 2021
Assets		
Cash on hand	\$ 40	\$ 40
Cash on deposit		
Regular accounts	2,592,277	1,684,047
Accounts receivable	1,698,274	1,713,316
Due from State, Federal and other governments	543,143	513,313
Due from other funds	493,882	308,678
Revolving loans receivable	72,162	110,329
First time homebuyers loans receivable	22,947	27,551
Rehabilitation loans receivable	229	229
Other assets	 61	61
Total assets	\$ 5,423,015	\$ 4,357,564
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 211,220	\$ 161,155
Accrued liabilities	109,457	198,304
Due to other funds	834,222	552,469
Advances from other funds	1,116,879	387,635
Due to employee retirement system	43,334	46,666
Other liabilities	12,925	8,392
Unearned revenue	 95,543	138,109
Total liabilities	 2,423,580	1,492,730
Fund Equity		
Assigned	 2,999,435	2,864,834
Total fund equity	 2,999,435	2,864,834
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 5,423,015	\$ 4,357,564

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

Revenue \$8,002,928 7,771,005 109,201 109		 May 31 2022	May 31 2021
Intergovernmental charges 377,008 109,201 Use of money and property 231 173 Federal aid - 202,775 Total revenue 8,380,167 8,083,154 Expenditures General government support 165,608 203,038 Home and community services 4,482,232 4,160,859 Employee benefits 1,149,821 1,136,089 Total expenditures 5,797,661 5,499,986 Excess of revenue over expenditures 2,582,506 2,583,168 Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out (2,447,905) (2,955,883) Total other financing uses (2,447,905) (2,955,883) Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing uses 134,601 (372,715) Fund equity, beginning of year 2,864,834 3,160,940 Prior period adjustment - 76,609	Revenue		
Expenditures General government support 165,608 203,038 Home and community services 4,482,232 4,160,859 Employee benefits 1,149,821 1,136,089 Total expenditures 5,797,661 5,499,986 Excess of revenue over expenditures 2,582,506 2,583,168 Other financing sources (uses) (2,447,905) (2,955,883) Total other financing uses (2,447,905) (2,955,883) Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses 134,601 (372,715) Fund equity, beginning of year 2,864,834 3,160,940 Prior period adjustment - 76,609	Intergovernmental charges Use of money and property	\$ 377,008	109,201 173
General government support 165,608 203,038 Home and community services 4,482,232 4,160,859 Employee benefits 1,149,821 1,136,089 Total expenditures 5,797,661 5,499,986 Excess of revenue over expenditures 2,582,506 2,583,168 Other financing sources (uses) (2,447,905) (2,955,883) Total other financing uses (2,447,905) (2,955,883) Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses 134,601 (372,715) Fund equity, beginning of year 2,864,834 3,160,940 Prior period adjustment - 76,609	Total revenue	 8,380,167	8,083,154
Home and community services	Expenditures		
Excess of revenue over expenditures2,582,5062,583,168Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out Total other financing uses(2,447,905) (2,955,883)(2,955,883)Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses134,601 (372,715)(372,715)Fund equity, beginning of year2,864,8343,160,940Prior period adjustment-76,609	Home and community services	 4,482,232	4,160,859
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out Total other financing uses Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses Fund equity, beginning of year Prior period adjustment (2,447,905) (2,955,883) (2,447,905) (2,955,883) (372,715) 2,864,834 3,160,940	Total expenditures	 5,797,661	5,499,986
Operating transfers out (2,447,905) (2,955,883) Total other financing uses (2,447,905) (2,955,883) Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses 134,601 (372,715) Fund equity, beginning of year 2,864,834 3,160,940 Prior period adjustment - 76,609	Excess of revenue over expenditures	 2,582,506	2,583,168
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses Fund equity, beginning of year 2,864,834 3,160,940 Prior period adjustment - 76,609		 (2,447,905)	(2,955,883)
sources over expenditures and other financing uses134,601(372,715)Fund equity, beginning of year2,864,8343,160,940Prior period adjustment-76,609	Total other financing uses	(2,447,905)	(2,955,883)
Prior period adjustment 76,609	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	134,601	(372,715)
	Fund equity, beginning of year	2,864,834	3,160,940
Fund equity, end of year \$ 2,999,435 \$ 2,864,834	Prior period adjustment	 -	76,609
	Fund equity, end of year	\$ 2,999,435 \$	2,864,834

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS WATER FUND AS OF MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

		May 31 2021	
Assets			
Cash on hand	\$	40	\$ 40
Cash on deposit			
Regular accounts		876,065	390,113
Accounts receivable		840,527	762,239
Due from State, Federal and other governments		287,387	254,343
Due from other funds		18,202	48,302
Total assets	_\$	2,022,221	\$ 1,455,037
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$	63,219	\$ 79,293
Accrued liabilities		65,865	112,302
Due to other funds		474,680	238,921
Advances from other funds		857,163	297,881
Due to employee retirement system		21,667	23,333
Other liabilites		12,925	8,392
Total liabilities		1,495,519	760,122
Fund Equity			
Assigned		526,702	694,915
Total fund equity		526,702	694,915
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	2,022,221	\$ 1,455,037

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY – WATER FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

		May 31 2022	May 31 2021
Revenue	-		
Departmental income	\$	3,808,049	\$ 3,687,247
Total revenue		3,808,049	3,687,247
Expenditures			
General government support		77,706	88,658
Home and community services		2,180,556	1,864,923
Employee benefits		575,577	572,501
Total expenditures		2,833,839	2,526,082
Excess of revenue over expenditures		974,210	1,161,165
Other financing sources (uses)			
Operating transfers out		(1,142,423)	(1,222,080)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,142,423)	(1,222,080)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources		(100.010)	(00.045)
over expenditures and other financing uses		(168,213)	(60,915)
Fund equity, beginning of year		694,915	755,830
Fund equity, end of year	\$	526,702	\$ 694,915

STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – WATER FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

	Original	,	Amended				Fa	ariance vorable
Paramera	 Budget		Budget	Actual	Encumbran	ces	(Uni	favorable)
Revenue								
Departmental income	\$ 3,851,214	\$	3,851,214	\$ 3,808,049	\$	-	\$	(43,165)
Total revenue	 3,851,214		3,851,214	3,808,049		-		(43,165)
Expenditures								
General government support	151,000		93,500	77,706		-		15,794
Home and community services	1,959,600		2,024,466	2,180,556		-		(156,090)
Employee benefits	 592,450		592,450	575,577		-		16,873
Total expenditures	 2,703,050		2,710,416	2,833,839		-		(123,423)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue								
over expenditures	 1,148,164		1,140,798	974,210		-		(166,588)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers out	 (1,148,164)		(1,160,664)	(1,142,423)		-		18,241
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,148,164)		(1,160,664)	(1,142,423)		-		18,241
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over								
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$	(19,866)	\$ (168,213)	\$	-	\$	(148,347)

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS SEWER FUND AS OF MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

	May 31 2022				
Assets					
Cash	\$	1,288,230	\$	905,963	
Accounts receivable		857,747		951,077	
Due from State, Federal and other governments		255,756		258,970	
Due from other funds		474,680		259,376	
Total assets	\$	2,876,413	\$	2,375,386	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	144,601	\$	79,072	
Accrued liabilities		43,592		86,002	
Advances from other funds		259,716		89,754	
Due to other funds		315,237		309,881	
Due to employee retirement system		21,667		23,333	
Total liabilities		784,813		588,042	
Fund Equity					
Assigned		2,091,600		1,787,344	
Total fund equity		2,091,600		1,787,344	
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	2,876,413	\$	2,375,386	

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY – SEWER FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

Revenue	861
	861
Departmental income \$ 4,111,519 \$ 3,954,8 Intergovernmental charges 377,008 109,2	
Total revenue 4,488,527 4,064,0	,062
Expenditures	
General government support 62,000 83,	,564
Home and community services 2,256,159 2,081,5	
Employee benefits 574,244 563,5	,588
Total expenditures 2,892,403 2,728,7	,701
Excess of revenue over expenditures 1,596,124 1,335,3	,361
Other financing sources (uses)	
Operating transfers out (1,291,868) (1,709,4	<u>,409)</u>
Total other financing uses (1,291,868) (1,709,4	,409)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses 304,256 (374,0	,048)
Fund equity, beginning of year 1,787,344 2,161,3	,392
Fund equity, end of year \$ 2,091,600 \$ 1,787,3	,344

STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – SEWER FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

		Original Budget	,	Amended Budget		Actual	E	ncumbrances	Fa	ariance avorable favorable)
Revenue						710100	_		(5	
Departmental income	\$	3,789,381	\$	3,789,381	\$	4,111,519	\$	-	\$	322,138
Intergovernmental charges		425,000		425,000		377,008				(47,992)
Total revenue		4,214,381		4,214,381		4,488,527		-		274,146
Expenditures										
General government support		137,000		94,746		62,000		-		32,746
Home and community services		2,370,370		2,302,749		2,256,159		16,023		30,567
Employee benefits		590,150		590,150		574,244		-		15,906
Total expenditures		3,097,520		2,987,645		2,892,403		16,023		79,219
Excess (deficiency) of revenue										
over expenditures		1,116,861		1,226,736		1,596,124		(16,023)		353,365
Other financing sources (uses)										
Operating transfers out		(1,116,861)		(1,338,361)		(1,291,868)		-		46,493
Total other financing uses		(1,116,861)		(1,338,361)		(1,291,868)	1	-		46,493
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures and other financing uses	\$		\$	(111,625)	¢	304,256	¢	(16,023)	\$	399,858
expenditures and other infancing uses	Ψ		Ψ	(111,020)	Ψ	307,230	Ψ	(10,023)	Ψ	000,000

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS REVOLVING LOAN FUND AS OF MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

	May 31 2022				
Assets					
Cash on deposit - Regular accounts	\$	300,250	\$	294,026	
Rehabilitation loans receivable		72,162		110,329	
Total assets	\$	372,412	\$	404,355	
Liabilities					
Unearned revenue	\$	72,162	\$	110,329	
Accounts payable		3,400		2,790	
Total liabilities		75,562		113,119	
Fund Equity					
Assigned		296,850		291,236	
Total fund equity		296,850		291,236	
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	372,412	\$	404,355	

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY – REVOLVING LOAN FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

	May 31 2022		May 31 2021	
Revenue				_
Departmental income	\$	50,714	92,297	
Use of money and property Federal aid		226 -	156 202,775	
Total revenue		50,940	295,228	_
Expenditures				
Home and community services		45,326	214,387	_
Total expenditures		45,326	214,387	_
Excess of revenue over expenditures and other uses		5,614	80,841	
Fund equity, beginning of year		291,236	210,395	
Fund equity, end of year	\$	296,850	291,236	

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS HOUSING REHABILITATION FUND AS OF MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

	May 31 2022		May 31 2021	
Assets				
Cash on deposit - regular accounts	\$	7,399	\$ 7,397	
Due from other funds		1,000	1,000	
Rehabilitation loans receivable		229	229	
Total assets	\$	8,628	\$ 8,626	
Liabilities Unearned revenue	\$	229	\$ 229	
Total liabilities		229	229	
Fund Equity				
Assigned		8,399	8,397	
Total fund equity		8,399	8,397	
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	8,628	\$ 8,626	

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY – HOUSING REHABILITATION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

	lay 31 2022	May 31 2021
Revenue		
Use of money and property	\$ 2 \$	8
Total revenue	 2	8
Expenditures		
Home and community services	 -	
Total expenditures	 -	-
Excess of revenue over expenditures	 2	8
Fund equity, beginning of year	 8,397	8,389
Fund equity, end of year	\$ 8,399 \$	8,397

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS FIRST TIME HOMEBUYERS FUND AS OF MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

	May 31 2022	May 31 2021
Assets		
Cash on deposit - regular accounts	\$ 7,488	\$ 14,778
First time homebuyers loans receivable	22,947	27,551
Other assets	61	61
Total assets	\$ 30,496	\$ 42,390
Liabilities		
Unearned revenue	\$ 23,152	\$ 27,551
Due to other funds	 1,000	1,000
Total liabilities	 24,152	28,551
Fund Equity		
Assigned	 6,344	13,839
Total fund equity	6,344	13,839
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 30,496	\$ 42,390

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY – FIRST TIME HOMEBUYERS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

	May 31 2022	May 31 2021
Revenue Departmental income Use of money and property	\$ 6,30	7 \$ 13,290 3 9
Total revenue	6,310	0 13,299
Expenditures		
Home and community services	19	1 -
Total expenditures	19	1 -
Other financing uses		
Operating transfers out	(13,614	4) (24,394)
Total other financing uses	(13,614	4) (24,394)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(7,49	5) (11,095)
Fund equity, beginning of year	13,83	9 24,934
Fund equity, end of year	\$ 6,34	4 \$ 13,839

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND AS OF MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

	May 31 2022	May 31 2021
Assets		
Cash on deposit - regular accounts Cash with fiscal agent Due from Federal and State Due from other funds	\$ 4,797,844 2,139 153,239 3,443,447	\$ 2,289,817 92,139 29,085 4,080,809
Total assets	\$ 8,396,669	\$ 6,491,850
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 304,692	\$ 876,831
Unearned revenue Due to other funds Bond anticipation notes payable	520,395 678,747 6,641,974	39,115 5,679,372
Total liabilities	 8,145,808	6,595,318
Fund Equity		
Restricted Unassigned (deficit)	 2,189,477 (1,938,616)	2,447,894 (2,551,362)
Total fund equity (deficit)	250,861	(103,468)
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 8,396,669	\$ 6,491,850

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

	 May 31 2022	May 31 2021
Revenue		
Use of money and property	\$ 2,645 \$	1,177
Miscellaneous local sources	381,027	237,512
Federal aid	1,002,000	302,759
State aid	 4,572,464	535,065
Total revenue	 5,958,136	1,076,513
Expenditures		
General government support	224,218	356,536
Public safety	83,764	2,100
Transportation	3,638,141	1,181,417
Culture and recreation	552,109	1,055,924
Home and community services	 1,718,879	1,841,252
Total expenditures	 6,217,111	4,437,229
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	 (258,975)	(3,360,716)
Other financing sources (uses)		
Bond anticipation notes redeemed from appropriations	275,898	127,940
Proceeds from issuance of serial bonds - construction	-	250,000
Proceeds from leases	-	321,875
Operating transfers in	737,235	1,355,693
Operating transfers out	 (399,829)	(417,996)
Total other financing sources	 613,304	1,637,512
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing		
sources over expenditures and other financing uses	354,329	(1,723,204)
Fund equity (deficit), beginning of year	 (103,468)	1,619,736
Fund equity (deficit), end of year	\$ 250,861 \$	(103,468)

CITY OF OLEAN, NEW YORK BALANCE SHEET – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BY PROJECT AS OF MAY 31, 2022

Project Number	Description	Cash	Due from Federal & State	(from/(to) Other Funds	Total Assets	Accounts Payable & Deferred Revenue	BAN's/ Notes Payable	Fund Equity (Deficit)	Total Liabilities & Fund Equity
29	CHIPS	\$ 9,142	\$ -	\$	(9,142) \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
101	Alarm	14,453	· -		(12,818)	1,635	· =	· =	1,635	1,635
102	Vehicle replacement	615,672	-		(591,983)	23,689	=	=	23,689	23,689
103	Police Equipment Replacement	12,194	=		-	12,194	=	=	12,194	12,194
118	Ambulance reserve	26,650	-		2,102	28,752	-	-	28,752	28,752
119	OATS Bus Reserve	229,560	=		-	229,560	=	=	229,560	229,560
123	Catch basin disconnect project	2,065	-		-	2,065	-	-	2,065	2,065
132	Parking lot maintenance program	11,737	=		=	11,737	=	=	11,737	11,737
146	Airport Master Plan	(49,917)	-		91,482	41,565	-	-	41,565	41,565
150	Sidewalk Improvement Reserve	26,795	-		13,903	40,698	5,072	-	35,626	40,698
161	Other Miscellenous Reserves	575	-		-	575	-	-	575	575
163	Waste Water Treatment Plant Master Plan	(20,645)	-		-	(20,645)	-	-	(20,645)	(20,645)
165	Bradner Stadium Project	-	-		(19,931)	(19,931)	-	-	(19,931)	(19,931)
167	North Union Street Rehabilitation	(151,241)	29,085		-	(122,156)	-	-	(122,156)	(122,156)
168	Homer Street Playground	(1,146)	-		-	(1,146)	-	-	(1,146)	(1,146)
170	Property Reevaluation	50,000	-		-	50,000	-	-	50,000	50,000
171	York St./Prospect Ave.	-	-		284,106	284,106	-	-	284,106	284,106
173	Ice Resurfacer	-	-		9,153	9,153	-	-	9,153	9,153
175	Recreation Center	7,000	-		(698)	6,302	-	-	6,302	6,302
176	Allegany River Development	41,305	-		-	41,305	-	-	41,305	41,305
178	Third Street Project	-	-		(5,215)	(5,215)	-	-	(5,215)	(5,215)
179	Bradner Stadium Roof	-	-		(651)	(651)	-	-	(651)	(651)
180	IT Upgrade	63,954	-		62,951	126,905	63,954	-	62,951	126,905
181	Zombie Grant	13,846	-		117,907	131,753	-	-	131,753	131,753
185	Tree Pruning and Removal	36,834	-		28,757	65,591	-	-	65,591	65,591
186	OATS Bus Reserve 2	(18,465)	18,465		-	-	-	-	-	-
187	Playground Reserve	98	-		-	98	-	-	98	98
188	Walkable Olean Phase 2	1,286,156	-		(252,786)	1,033,370	5,979	1,285,000	(257,609)	1,033,370
189	Farmers Market	(7,809)	-		(23,815)	(31,624)	-	-	(31,624)	(31,624)
190	Stardust Pump Station	122,860	-		-	122,860	15,786	-	107,074	122,860
191	Tree Program	1,966	-		1,000	2,966	-	-	2,966	2,966
192	TNBR Cat Program	5,000	-		-	5,000	-	-	5,000	5,000
193	Washington Street	940,445	-		(159,011)	781,434	-	1,937,000	(1,155,566)	781,434

194	Pedestrian Safety Action Plan (PSAP)	(65,507)	-	-	(65,507)	-	=	(65,507)	(65,507)
195	Walkable Olean Phase 3	118,103	-	1,808,602	1,926,705	39,321	1,922,661	(35,277)	1,926,705
196	Repairs to Water Building Wall	(7,800)	-	-	(7,800)	-	-	(7,800)	(7,800)
197	HVAC Control System	(33,440)	-	-	(33,440)	-	-	(33,440)	(33,440)
198	Time Square Building Repair	19,778	-	-	19,778	-	-	19,778	19,778
199	North 9th Drainage Project	14,409	-	-	14,409	-	=	14,409	14,409
200	Reserve for Cyber Attacks	59,055	-	-	59,055	-	=	59,055	59,055
201	North Union Streetscape	16,685	-	850,829	867,514	175,121	855,813	(163,420)	867,514
202	Well House Fluoridation	(17,457)	105,689	-	88,232	2,000	=	86,232	88,232
203	Franchot Park Entrance	50,000	-	-	50,000	-	=	50,000	50,000
204	Inclusive Playground Equipment	50,000	-	-	50,000	-	=	50,000	50,000
205	Fire Station Generator	31,611	-	-	31,611	25,463	=	6,148	31,611
206	Re-Striping City Streets	77,825	-	(71,542)	6,283	-	-	6,283	6,283
207	Brickwork for City Streets	11,994	-	-	11,994	11,994	-	-	11,994
208	South Union Street Gateway	130,552	-	-	130,552	11,312	-	119,240	130,552
209	Fire Station HVAC	33,920	-	-	33,920	-	-	33,920	33,920
210	Recreation Center Digital Sign	(1,238)	-	-	(1,238)	-	-	(1,238)	(1,238)
212	Hydraulic Mapping	25,000	-	-	25,000	-	-	25,000	25,000
213	Stimulus Fund	9,195	-	-	9,195	9,195	-	-	9,195
214	Fire Department Pumper/DPW	(4,747)	-	641,500	636,753	-	641,500	(4,747)	636,753
216	Splash Park at War Vet	250,000	-	-	250,000	250,000	-	-	250,000
217	BBG Marketing	97,329	-	-	97,329	97,323	-	6	97,329
218	BBG Real Estate Assistance	99,929	-	-	99,929	99,923	-	6	99,929
219	Oak Hill Park/Dog Park	296,703	-	-	296,703	-	-	296,703	296,703
220	Fire Station Repairs	60,000	-	-	60,000	-	-	60,000	60,000
221	Buffalo Street Underpass	209,000	-	-	209,000	-	-	209,000	209,000
223	West State Street		-	-	-	12,644	-	(12,644)	
	Totals	\$ 4,799,983 \$	153,239 \$	2,764,700 \$	7,717,922 \$	825,087 \$	6,641,974 \$	250,861 \$	7,717,922

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES -CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BY PROJECT FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

Project	May 31 2022	May 31 2021
CHIPS	\$ 1,545,972 \$	386,188
Vehicle Replacement	598,032	384,903
Police Equipment Replacement Reserve	38,761	3,330
Ambulance Reserve	39,656	166,956
Catch Basin Disconnect	70,000	70,000
Parking Lot Maintenance Reserve	-	2,625
Airport Master Plan	576,675	286,796
Sidewalk Improvement Reserve	100,151	26,676
Waste Water Treatement Plant Master Plan	90,000	93,578
Recreation Center	162.004	257,996
Demolition of Unsafe Buildings	-	9,557
IT Upgrade	22,346	-
Zombie Grant	3,513	55,079
Tree Pruning and Removal	9,000	-
OATS Bus Reserve 2	457,693	_
Walkable Olean Phase 2	378,653	917,577
Farmer's Market	-	7,809
Stardust Pump Station	230,011	372,291
Tree Program	33,085	2,100
Washington Street	921,223	1,146,673
Pedestrian Safety Action Plan (PSAP)	58,987	35,538
Walkable Olean Phase 3	136,002	130,538
Repairs to Water Building Wall	16,350	48,450
HVAC Control System	1,640	121,700
Time Square Building Repair	5,821	107,646
North 9th Drainage Project	-	591
Reserve for Cyber Attacks	12,330	8,208
North Union Streetscape	363,394	58,685
Well House Fluoridation	302,085	67,175
Fire Station Generator	29,852	-
Re-striping City Streets	105,000	-
Brickwork for City Streets	38,440	61,560
South Union Street Gateway	30,760	-
Fire Station HVAC	16,080	-
Recreation Center Digital Sign	26,238	-
Salt Shed	-	25,000
Hydraulic Mapping	25,000	-
Stimulus Funding	143,579	-
Fire Department Pumper/DPW	4,747	-
BBG Marketing	2,677	-
BBG Real Estate Assistance	77	-
Oak Hill Park/Dog Park	8,462	-
West State Street	12,644	
	\$ 6,616,940 \$	4,855,225

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS DEBT SERVICE FUND AS OF MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

	May 31 2022	May 31 2021
Assets		
Cash on deposit		
Restricted regular accounts	\$ 1,897,433	\$ 3,722,112
Due from other funds	787,995	622,903
Total assets	\$ 2,685,428	\$ 4,345,015
Liabilities		
Due to other funds	\$ 2,573,604	\$ 4,202,335
Total liabilities	 2,573,604	4,202,335
Fund Equity		
Restricted	111,824	142,680
Total fund equity	 111,824	142,680
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 2,685,428	\$ 4,345,015

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY – DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

	 May 31 2022	May 31 2021
Revenue		
Use of money and property Premiums on obligations	\$ 3,268 \$ 364	2,136 33,939
Total revenue	 3,632	36,075
Expenditures General government support Debt service:	9,722	-
Principal Interest	 2,911,396 566,052	2,802,522 727,723
Total expenditures	 3,487,170	3,530,245
Deficiency of revenue over expenditures	 (3,483,538)	(3,494,170)
Other financing sources		
Proceeds from serial bonds - refunding Payment for refunding of bonds Operating transfers in	 5,788,573 (5,788,573) 3,452,682	- - 3,337,279
Total other financing sources	 3,452,682	3,337,279
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	(30,856)	(156,891)
Fund equity, beginning of year	 142,680	299,571
Fund equity, end of year	\$ 111,824 \$	142,680

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS MISCELLANEOUS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND AS OF MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

	May 31 2022	May 31 2021
Assets		_
Cash on deposit		
Regular accounts	\$ 112,845	\$ 71,770
Total assets	\$ 112,845	\$ 71,770
Liabilities		
Due to other funds	\$ 43,305	\$ 2,667
Total liabilities	 43,305	2,667
Fund Equity		
Assigned	 69,540	69,103
Total fund equity	 69,540	69,103
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 112,845	\$ 71,770

COMPARATIVE INCOME STATEMENT MISCELLANEOUS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND AS OF MAY 31, 2022 AND 2021

	lay 31 2022	May 31 2021
Revenue		
Miscellaneous local sources	\$ 26,339	\$ 23,310
Total revenue	 26,339	23,310
Expenditures		
General government support	 25,902	30,816
Total expenditures	25,902	30,816
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	437	(7,506)
Fund equity, beginning of year	69,103	-
Prior Period Adjustment	 -	76,609
Fund equity, end of year	\$ 69,540	\$ 69,103

SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND BALANCES – MISCELLANEOUS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

	Ва	lance				Bala	ance
	June	1, 2021	Receipts	Disbu	rsements	May 3	1, 2022
Guarantee & Bid Bonds	\$	500	\$ -	\$	_	\$	500
Fries Tree Service		1,502	3		-		1,505
Daniel Long Deposits		-	2,004		-		2,004
Building Improvement Fund-HDCP		459	_		-		459
Children's Memorial Flower Grdn		15	-		-		15
Stadium Renovations / Donations		62	-		-		62
Y&R St. John's		52	-		-		52
Mayor's Cup Golf Tournament		1,678	700		210		2,168
Bike Auction		31	1,419		-		1,450
Neighborhood Preservation		400	-		-		400
Miscellaneous Recreation		4,374	4,589		1,241		7,722
Clerk Sales		1,048	-		-		1,048
Bartlett House Donations		19,186	5,000		19,065		5,121
Bartlett House Donations		11,601	-		-		11,601
Bartlett House Fund Raising		6,871	5,951		1,746		11,076
Bartlett House Johnsons		50	-		-		50
Senior Center Donations		1,637	700		699		1,638
Fire Donations		175	-		-		175
Police Drugs Donations		6,616	5,530		2,443		9,703
Youth Programs Donations		57	35		57		35
Youth Court Donations		4,802	-		155		4,647
Tree Program		682	120		254		548
Interest & Service Charges		363	36		-		399
Personnel		249	252		32		469
Fire Equipment Donations		6,693	-		-		6,693
Totals	\$	69,103	\$ 26,339	\$	25,902	\$	69,540

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2018 THROUGH 2021

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As of the measurement date of June 1,	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	17,472	19,952	19,952	27,268	27,268
Differences between expected and actual experience	(215,192)	-	(24,747)	-	50,670
Changes in assumptions	(34,203)	-	3,194	-	-
Benefit payments	(62,642)	(70,995)	(70,878)	(80,438)	(78,942)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(294,565)	(51,043)	(72,479)	(53,170)	(1,004)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	695,670	746,713	819,192	872,362	21,855
Prior period adjustment					851,511
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$401,105	\$695,670	\$746,713	\$819,192	\$872,362
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 62,642 - (62,642) 	\$ 70,995 - (70,995) - - - \$ -	\$ 70,878 - (70,878) - - - \$ -	\$ 80,438 - (80,438) 	\$ 78,942 - (78,942)
District's net OPEB liability	\$401,105	\$695,670	\$746,713	\$819,192	\$872,362
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: None

Changes in assumptions: Discount Rate of 3.70% as of May 31, 2022 and 2.63% as of May 31, 2021

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB FOR THE YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2018 THROUGH 2021

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For the year ended June 30,	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 62,642	\$ 70,995	\$ 70,878	\$ 80,438	\$ 78,942
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 (62,642)	 (70,995)	 (70,878)	 (80,438)	 (78,942)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Contributions as a percentage of District's covered-employee payroll	 N/A	 N/A	 N/A	 N/A	 N/A

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: 6/1/2021

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary Method

Discount Rate 3.70% as of May 31, 2022 and 2.63% as of May 31, 2021

Inflation 3.00% per year

Healthcare cost trend rates 5% Flat

Salary increases N/A- not active employees

Mortality RP-2010 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using

Scale MP-2021

Retiree Cost Sharing For previously retired managers the City contributes most (85% or 100%)

of the medical premium amounts for individual and family (dependent) coverage for all eligible retirees, with the exception of one individual, for

whom the City contributes 50%.

Participants 4 Retirees

Benefit Changes: None

Changes in assumptions: None

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – NYSLERS & NYSLPFRS FOR THE YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2013 THROUGH MAY 31, 2022

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New York State Employees' Retirement System - Net Pension Liability												
As of the measurement date of March 31,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0169107%	0.0164279%	0.0166150%	0.0164658%	0.0170202%	0.0165225%	0.0173084%	0.0163295%	n/a	n/a		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (1,382,383)	\$ 16,358	\$ 4,399,748	\$ 1,166,651	\$ 549,318	\$ 1,552,496	\$ 2,778,045	\$ 551,651	\$ 737,908	n/a		
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,492,910	\$ 4,318,943	\$ 4,280,744	\$ 4,171,757	\$ 4,222,688	\$ 4,109,534	\$ 4,188,273	\$ 4,111,507	\$ 4,109,268	n/a		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	-30.77%	0.38%	102.78%	27.97%	13.01%	37.78%	66.33%	13.42%	17.96%	n/a		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%	n/a	n/a		

New York State Police and Fire's Retirement System - Net Pension Liability

As of the measurement date of March 31,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.1083926%	0.1017466%	0.1113430%	0.1197868%	0.1216349%	0.1259500%	0.1201234%	0.1198443%	n/a	n/a
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 615,718	\$ 1,766,602	\$ 5,951,237	\$ 2,008,901	\$ 1,229,433	\$ 2,610,506	\$ 3,556,599	\$ 329,883	\$ 498,923	n/a
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,834,770	\$ 4,750,905	\$ 4,647,289	\$ 4,683,575	\$ 4,602,358	\$ 4,758,588	\$ 4,394,298	\$ 4,684,185	\$ 4,427,011	n/a
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	12.74%	37.18%	128.06%	42.89%	26.71%	54.86%	80.94%	7.04%	11.27%	n/a
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	98.66%	95.79%	84.86%	95.09%	96.93%	93.50%	90.20%	99.00%	n/a	n/a

n/a - information is not available

CITY OF OLEAN, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS - NYSLERS & NYSLPFRS FOR THE YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2013 THROUGH MAY 31, 2022

		New	, Vc	ork State En	nle	ovees' Petir	om	ant System									
For the year ended March 31,	2022	2021	, .	2020	ipic	2019	CIII	2018		2017	2016		2015		2014		2013
Contractually required contributions	\$ 672,766	\$ 583,740	\$	569,100	\$	568,438	\$	592,035	\$	598,107	\$ 752,381	\$		\$	768,156	\$	736,645
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (672,766)	(583,740)		(569,100)		(568,438)		(592,035)		(598,107)	(752,381)		(750,021)		(768,156)		(736,645
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,492,910	\$ 4,318,943	\$	4,280,744	\$	4,171,757	\$	4,222,688	\$	4,109,534	\$ 4,188,273	\$	4,111,507	\$	4,109,268	\$:	3,942,955
Contributions as a percentage of District's covered-employee payroll	14.97%	13.52%		13.29%		13.63%		14.02%		14.55%	17.96%		18.24%		18.69%	,	18.68%
		New Yo	ork	State Police	e ai	nd Fire's Re	etir	ement Syst	em								
For the year ended March 31,	 2022	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	2016		2015		2014		2013
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,335,978	\$ 1,110,370	\$	1,042,419	\$	1,046,909	\$	1,069,888	\$	1,100,545	\$ 969,106	\$	1,285,072	\$	1,162,942	\$	1,104,795
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (1,335,978)	(1,110,370)		(1,042,419)		(1,046,909)		(1,069,888)		(1,100,545)	(969,106)	(1,285,072)	(1,162,942)	(1,104,795)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,834,770	\$ 4,750,905	\$	4,647,289	\$	4,683,575	\$	4,602,358	\$	4,758,588	\$ 4,394,298	\$	4,684,185	\$	4,427,011	\$ 4	4,460,319

CITY OF OLEAN, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

Federal Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	Program or Award Amount	Receivable (Deferral) 5/31/2021	Total Received	Revenue	Expenditures	Receivable (Deferral) 5/31/2022
United States Department of Treasury								
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	\$ 689,074	\$ -	\$ 689,074	\$ 168,679	\$ 168,679	\$ (520,395)
Subtotal U.S. Department of Treasury			689,074		689,074	168,679	168,679	(520,395)
<u>United States Department</u> <u>of Transportation</u>								
Airport Improvement Program - Runway 4-22 Rehabilitation	20.106	FAA AIP 3-36-0091-25-2019 NYS DOT PIN 5904.55	240,300	-	30,600	30,600	30,600	-
Airport Improvement Program - SRE Building Pavement Rehab (constuction)	20.106	FAA AIP 3-36-0091-27-2020	295,161	-	265,312	265,312	265,312	-
Airport Improvement Program - Taxiway A &B Rehabilitation	20.106	FAA AIP 3-36-0091-28-2020	142,400	-	128,160	128,160	128,160	-
Airport Improvement Program - Runway 4-22 Rehabilitation	20.106	FAA AIP 3-36-0091-30-2021	2,260,997	-	8,341	8,341	8,341	-
COVID-19 Airport Improvement Program - Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Ac	20.106	FAA AIP 3-36-0091-31-2021	13,000	-	13,000	13,000	13,000	-
COVID-19 Airport Improvement Program - American Recovery Plan	20.106	FAA AIP 3-36-0091-32-2022	32,000	-	32,000	32,000	32,000	-
COVID-19 - Section 5311 - CARES Act	20.509	NYSDOT PIN 17130	345,168	345,168	345,168	-	-	-
COVID-19 - Section 5311 - CARES Act	20.509	NYSDOT PIN 5824	340,359	-	340,359	340,359	340,359	-
COVID-19 - Section 5311 - Capital	20.509	NYSDOT PIN 5824.76, 5825.14	355,908	-	355,908	355,908	355,908	
Subtotal U.S. Department of Transportation			4,025,293	345,168	1,518,848	1,173,680	1,173,680	<u>-</u>
Total			\$ 4,714,367	\$ 345,168	\$ 2,207,922	\$ 1,342,359	\$ 1,342,359	\$ (520,395)

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

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Note 1 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the *City of Olean* and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Note 2 Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting varies by Federal program consistent with underlying regulations pertaining to each program. The amounts reported as Federal expenditures generally were obtained from the appropriate Federal financial reports for the applicable programs and periods. The amounts reported in these Federal financial reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are periodically reconciled with the City's financial reporting system.

Note 3 Indirect Cost Rate

The City has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance in the current year.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH "GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS"

To the Mayor and Members of the Common Council Olean. New York

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of *City of Olean, New York* as of and for the year ended May 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise *City of Olean, New York's* basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 14, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered *City of Olean, New York's* internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of *City of Olean, New York's* internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of *City of Olean, New York* internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items II.A.2022-001, II.A.2022-002, II.A.2022-003 and II.A.2022-004 to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether *City of Olean, New York's* financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

City of Olean, New York's Responses to Findings

City of Olean, New York's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Olean, New York's responses were not subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not provided an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafaro PC

BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO, P.C.

Olean, New York March 14, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY "UNIFORM GUIDANCE"

To the Mayor and Members of the Common Council Olean, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the *City of Olean, New York's* compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the *City of Olean, New York's* major federal programs for the year ended May 31, 2022. The *City of Olean, New York's* major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Audit Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the *City of Olean, New York* complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended May 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).* Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of *City of Olean, New York* and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of *City of Olean, New York's* compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to *City of Olean, New York's* federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on *City of Olean, New York's* compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about *City of Olean, New York* with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance (continued)

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding *City of Olean, New York's* compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other
 procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of City of Olean, New York's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over
 compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of City of Olean, New York's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item III.B.2022-005, III.B.2022-006, III.B.2022-007 and III.B.2022-008 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

City of Olean New York's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on City of Olean, New York's responses to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Olean, New York's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafaro PC

BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO, P.C.

Olean, New York March 14, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

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Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements				
Type of auditor's opinion(s) issued or whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	1	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Х	_yes	Х	no none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		_yes	Х	no
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Х	_yes yes	X	no none reported
Type of auditor's opinion issued on compliance for major programs:		Unmodified		<u> </u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR-200.516(a)		_yes	Х	no
	Federal CFDA			
Federal Program Title	Number	Amount		
Total expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 1,342,359		
dentification of Major Programs Tested:				
COVID-19 - Section 5311 - Operating- Cares Act COVID-19 - Section 5311 - Capital	20.509 20.509			
Total major programs tested		\$ 696,267		
% of Federal programs tested		52%		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$ 750,000		
Auditee qualified as low risk?		yes	Х	no

II. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT - FINDINGS

A. <u>Internal Control over Financial Reporting</u>

Year Ended May 31, 2022

2022-001 Adjusting Journal Entries and Required Disclosures to the Financial Statements

Condition and Criteria: During the current year, adjusting journal entries, along with footnote disclosures were proposed by the auditors and accepted by the City properly reflect the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Some of the adjustments and footnotes were related to recording receivables, payables, deferred revenues, and converting to the full accrual method for GASB 34 purposes. In addition, a draft of the financial statements was prepared by the auditors and accepted by the City.

Effect: The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) issued Statement on Auditing Standards Number 115, entitled Communicating Internal Control Related Matters in an Audit. This standard considers the need for significant adjusting journal entries and assistance when preparing the financial statements to be indicative of an internal control deficiency. Without this assistance, the potential risk exists of the City's financial statements not conforming with GAAP.

Auditor's Recommendation: Although auditors may continue to provide such assistance both now and in the future, under this pronouncement, the City should continue to review and accept both proposed adjusting journal entries and footnote disclosures, along with the draft financial statements.

City's Response: The City has received, reviewed and approved all journal entries, footnote disclosures and draft financial statements proposed for the current year audit and will continue to review similar information in future years. Further, the City believes it has a thorough understanding of these financial statements and has the ability to make informed judgments based on these financial statements.

2022-002 Reconciliation of General Ledger and Capital Projects

Condition and Criteria: During our audit, we noted that the City does not perform reconciliations of assets and liability accounts during the year on regular or routine basis, including cash, receivables, payables and interfund loan balances. In addition, the City maintained manual records along with its general ledger system for the capital projects fund. Although dual systems were maintained throughout the year, differences that arise in certain balance sheet accounts and revenue and expense accounts were not investigated and corrected until the audit.

Effect: Without regular and routine reconciliation of asset and liability accounts balances, a significant misstatement in the general ledger of the City would go undetected for extended periods of time and could result in inaccurate or incomplete information which is ultimately utilized by management in its decision making process throughout the year, including the establishments of annual budgets. Within the current audit, the lack of reconciliation resulted in several audit adjustments.

Auditor's Recommendation: We recommend that asset and liability accounts be reconciled by the City Auditor's office on a regular and routine basis. Further, reconciliations should be reviewed by management to ensure their accurate and timely completion.

City's Response: The City Auditor's office will take the necessary steps to remedy this issue. A reconciliation of all asset and liability balances will be performed on a monthly basis. Additionally the City will take the necessary steps to ensure the general ledger packages reconcile and agree to one and other on a regular basis.

Condition and Criteria: As disclosed in the prior year audit report, on December 6, 2017, it was brought to our attention that in March or April 2017 management of the City of Olean was presented with a claim for payment in the amount of approximately \$993,000 from a contractor related to the North Union Street project. A copy of the claim was signed by the City's outside engineering firm indicating their approval. Management advised us they dispute the claim. A notice of petition was filed on September 20, 2017, whereby the contractor has requested the NYS Supreme Court to compel the City to make payment of the disputed invoice, along with an additional \$285,000 of unbilled work, plus interest.

II. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT - FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

A. Internal Control over Financial Reporting (continued)

2022-003 Capital Projects - Internal Controls (continued)

Cause and Effect: Upon our inquiry, it is our understanding that not all members charged with governance, the Common Council, were aware of this matter and therefore components of an internal control system, information and communication, was lacking.

Auditor's Recommendations:

<u>Budgets</u> – A written policy should be established and communicated on preparing a budget versus actual report for all capital projects exceeding a certain dollar level. Any discrepancies should be explained in writing so that necessary corrective action, if any, can be considered. These analyses should be provided to City management and the Common Council on a monthly basis.

City's Response:

<u>Budgets</u> - The City concurs with the auditor's recommendations that a written policy should be established and communicated in preparing budgeted versus actual reporting for capital project budgets in excess of a yet to be determined monetary threshold. The City intends to develop a policy on budgets during 2023. Once drafted, the Audit and Compliance Committee intends to review policy, prior to its acceptance by the Common Council.

2022-004 Bank Reconciliations

Conditions and Criteria: The City of Olean prepares its bank reconciliation electronically utilizing its accounting software. The cash balances per the bank reconciliations for some funds did not agree the general ledger. The bank reconciliations also includes transactions that were not correctly recorded during the current year.

Effect: At times throughout the year, the City's cash balances reported within its general ledger are incorrect. The effect of not investigating and correcting bank reconciliation transactions that are improperly posted is that reporting errors in financial reporting can occur and not be detected or resolved in a timely manner.

Auditors' Recommendation: As part of the bank reconciliation preparation and review, the City's general ledger cash balances should be compared against the bank reconciliation, with any differences being immediately investigated and corrected.

City's Response: The City understands the importance of the bank reconciliation process and will investigate and correct any reconciling differences as they occur. Differences existed related to the timing of payroll transfers made from the general checking account to the payroll account. The City will put a process in place to verify that these transactions are properly accounted for on the bank reconciliations.

B. <u>Compliance and Other Matter</u>

Year Ended May 31, 2022

No findings related to compliance and other matters are being reported upon during the year ended May 31, 2022.

III. MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

A. Compliance

Year Ended May 31, 2022

No findings related to compliance are being reported upon during the year ended May 31, 2022.

B. <u>Internal Control Over Compliance</u>

Year Ended May 31, 2022

2022-005 Adjusting Journal Entries and Required Disclosures to the Financial Statements

Same finding as that reported in II.A.2022-001 on page 79.

2022-006 Reconciliation of General Ledger and Capital Projects

Same finding as that reported in II.A.2022-002 on page 79.

Same finding as that reported in II.A.2022-003 on page 79-80.

2022-008 Bank Reconciliations

Same finding as that reported in II.A.2022-004 on page 80.

I. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT - FINDINGS

A. Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Year Ended May 31, 2021

2021-001 Adjusting Journal Entries and Required Disclosures to the Financial Statements

Summary of Prior Year Finding: Adjusting journal entries, along with footnote disclosures were proposed by the auditors and accepted by the City to properly reflect the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, a draft of the financial statements was prepared by the auditors and reviewed and accepted by the City. AU-C Section 265 entitled Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) considers the need for significant adjusting journal entries and assistance when preparing the financial statements to be indicative of an internal control deficiency.

Current Status: Similar finding related to internal control over financial reporting is being reported upon during the year ended May 31, 2022, as identified as finding 2022-001.

2021-002 Reconciliation of General Ledger and Capital Projects

Summary of Prior Year Finding: During our prior audit, we noted that the City does not perform reconciliations of assets and liability accounts during the year on regular or routine basis, including receivables, payables and interfund loan balances. In addition, the City maintained manual records along with its general ledger system for the capital projects fund. Although dual systems were maintained throughout the year, differences that arise in certain balance sheet accounts and revenue and expense accounts were not investigated and corrected until the audit.

Current Status: Similar finding related to internal control over financial reporting is being reported upon during the year ended May 31, 2022, as identified as finding 2022-002.

2021-003 Capital Projects - Internal Controls

Summary of Prior Year Finding: As disclosed in the prior year audit report, on December 6, 2017, it was brought to our attention that in March or April 2017 management of the City of Olean was presented with a claim for payment in the amount of approximately \$993,000 from a contractor related to the North Union Street project. A copy of the claim was signed by the City's outside engineering firm indicating their approval. Management advised us they dispute the claim. A notice of petition was filed on September 20, 2017, whereby the contractor has requested the NYS Supreme Court to compel the City to make payment of the disputed invoice, along with an additional \$285,000 of unbilled work, plus interest.

Current Status: Similar finding related to internal control over financial reporting is being reported upon during the year ended May 31, 2022, as identified as finding 2022-003. The City implemented one component (pending or threatening litigation) of the finding during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2019 and two components (change orders and project financing) on August 13, 2020.

I. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT – FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

B. <u>Compliance and Other Matters</u>

Year Ended May 31, 2021

No findings related to compliance and other matters were reported upon during the year ended May 31, 2021.

II. MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

A. Compliance

Year Ended May 31, 2021

No findings related to compliance were reported upon during the year ended May 31, 2021.

B. <u>Internal Control Over Compliance</u>

Year Ended May 31, 2021

2021-004 Adjusting Journal Entries and Required Disclosures to the Financial Statements

Same finding and current status as that reported in I.A.2021-001 on page 82.

2021-005 Reconciliation of General Ledger and Capital Projects

Same finding and current status as that reported in I.A.2021-002 on page 82.

2021-006 Capital Projects - Internal Controls

Same finding and current status as that reported in I.A.2021-003 on page 82.

SCHEDULE OF STATE TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE EXPENDED YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

PROGRAM TITLE	NYSDOT CONTRACT NUMBER	EXPE	<u>ENDITURES</u>
Airport Improvement Program	PIN 5904.53, 5904.54, 5904.55, 5904.56	\$	4,200
OATS Bus	PIN 5790.02		378,945
OATS Bus-Capital	PIN 5824.76, 5824.76.001, 5825.14.001		44,489
Walkable Olean/North Union Streetscape	PIN 576.236		598,470
PAVE-NY	N/A		165,986
Extreme Winter Recovery (EWR)	N/A		110,972
State Touring Route (STR)	N/A		956,988
Consolidated Highway Improvement Program (CHIPS)	N/A		730,499
TOTAL STATE TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE EXPENDED		\$	2,990,549

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF STATE TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE EXPENDED YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

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GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of State Transportation Assistance Expended of City of Olean, New York, presents the activity of all financial assistance programs provided by the New York State Department of Transportation.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule of State Transportation Assistance Expended includes Federal and State grant activity of the City of Olean, New York and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with Draft Part 43 NYCRR. Therefore some amounts in the Schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

INDIRECT COSTS

There are no indirect costs associated with these programs.

MATCHING COSTS

Matching costs, i.e., the City's share of certain program costs, are not included in the reported expenditures.

AMOUNTS PAID TO SUBRECIPIENTS

There were no amounts paid to subrecipients during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND CONTROLS OVER STATE TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE EXPENDED BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH "GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS"

To the Mayor and Members of The Common Council City of Olean, New York Olean, New York

Report on Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the *City of Olean, New York* with the types of compliance requirements described in Draft Part 43 of the New York State Codification of Rules and Regulations (NYCRR) that are applicable to each state transportation assistance program tested for the year ended May 31, 2022. The programs tested are identified in the summary of audit results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each program tested is the responsibility of the *City of Olean, New York's* management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the *City of Olean, New York's* compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Draft Part 43 of NYCRR. These standards and Draft Part 43 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above, that could have a direct and material effect on the state transportation assistance programs tested, has occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the *City of Olean, New York's* compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the *City of Olean, New York's* compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the *City of Olean, New York* complied in all material respects with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its state transportation assistance programs tested for the year ended May 31, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the *City of Olean, New York* is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to state transportation assistance programs tested. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the *City of Olean, New York's* internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on state transportation assistance programs tested in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with Draft Part 43 NYCRR.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified four deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state transportation assistance program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state transportation program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items I.2022-001, I.2022-002, I.2022-003 and I.2022-004 to be material weaknesses.

Schedule of State Transportation Assistance Expended

We have audited the financial statements of the *City of Olean, New York* as of and for the year ended May 31, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 14, 2023. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the *City of Olean, New York's* financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of state transportation assistance expended is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Draft Part 43 of NYCRR, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Purpose of the Report

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the *City of Olean, New York's* management and the New York State Department of Transportation. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafano PC

BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO, P.C.

Olean, New York March 14, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS STATE TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE EXPENDED YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

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Summary of Audit Results:

Internal control over state transportation assistance expended:

Material weaknesses identified
 Findings I.2022-001, I.2022-002, I.2022-003, and I.2022-

004.

Deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness
 None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for programs tested:

Unmodified

Identification of State Transportation Assistance Programs Tested:

Name

Consolidated Highway Improvement Program (CHIPS)
Highway Planning and Construction

PAVE-NY

Extreme Winter Recovery (EWR)

State Touring Route (STR)

Compliance Findings and Questioned Costs:

No matters were reported.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS STATE TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE EXPENDED YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

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I. Internal Control Over State Transportation Assistance Expended

2022-001 Adjusting Journal Entries and Required Disclosures to the Financial Statements

Year Ended May 31, 2022

Condition and Criteria: During the current year, adjusting journal entries, along with footnote disclosures were proposed by the auditors and accepted by the City properly reflect the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Some of the adjustments and footnotes were related to recording receivables, payables, deferred revenues, and converting to the full accrual method for GASB 34 purposes. In addition, a draft of the financial statements was prepared by the auditors and accepted by the City.

Effect: The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) issued Statement on Auditing Standards Number 115, entitled Communicating Internal Control Related Matters in an Audit. This standard considers the need for significant adjusting journal entries and assistance when preparing the financial statements to be indicative of an internal control deficiency. Without this assistance, the potential risk exists of the City's financial statements not conforming with GAAP.

Auditors' Recommendation: Although auditors may continue to provide such assistance both now and in the future, under this pronouncement, the City should continue to review and accept both proposed adjusting journal entries and footnote disclosures, along with the draft financial statements.

City's Response: The City has received, reviewed and approved all journal entries, footnote disclosures and draft financial statements proposed for the current year audit and will continue to review similar information in future years. Further, the City believes it has a thorough understanding of these financial statements and has the ability to make informed judgments based on these financial statements.

2022-002 Reconciliation of General Ledger and Capital Projects

Year Ended May 31, 2022

Condition and Criteria: During our audit, we noted that the City does not perform reconciliations of assets and liability accounts during the year on regular or routine basis, including cash, receivables, payables and interfund loan balances. In addition, the City maintained manual records along with its general ledger system for the capital projects fund. Although dual systems were maintained throughout the year, differences that arise in certain balance sheet accounts and revenue and expense accounts were not investigated and corrected until the audit.

Effect: Without regular and routine reconciliation of asset and liability accounts balances, a significant misstatement in the general ledger of the City would go undetected for extended periods of time and could result in inaccurate or incomplete information which is ultimately utilized by management in its decision making process throughout the year, including the establishments of annual budgets. Within the current audit, the lack of reconciliation resulted in several audit adjustments.

Auditors' Recommendation: We recommend that asset and liability accounts be reconciled by the City Auditor's office on a regular and routine basis. Further, reconciliations should be reviewed by management to ensure their accurate and timely completion.

City's Response: The City Auditor's office will take the necessary steps to remedy this issue. A reconciliation of all asset and liability balances will be performed on a monthly basis. Additionally the City will take the necessary steps to ensure the general ledger packages reconcile and agree to one and other on a regular basis.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS STATE TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE EXPENDED YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

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I. Internal Control Over State Transportation Assistance Expended (continued)

2022-003 Capital Projects - Internal Controls

Year Ended May 31, 2022

Condition and Criteria: As disclosed in the prior report, on December 6, 2017, it was brought to our attention that in March or April 2017 management of the City of Olean was presented with a claim for payment in the amount of approximately \$993,000 from a contractor related to the North Union Street project. A copy of the claim was signed by the City's outside engineering firm indicating their approval. Management advised us they dispute the claim. A notice of petition was filed on September 20, 2017, whereby the contractor has requested the NYS Supreme Court to compel the City to make

Cause and Effect: Upon our inquiry, it is our understanding that not all members charged with governance, the Common Council, were aware of this matter and therefore components of an internal control system, information and communication, was lacking.

Auditor's Recommendations:

<u>Budgets</u> – A written policy should be established and communicated on preparing a budget versus actual report for all capital projects exceeding a certain dollar level. Any discrepancies should be explained in writing so that necessary corrective action, if any, can be considered. These analyses should be provided to City management and the Common Council on a monthly basis.

City's Response:

<u>Budgets</u> - The City concurs with the auditor's recommendations that a written policy should be established and communicated in preparing budgeted versus actual reporting for capital project budgets in excess of a yet to be determined monetary threshold. The City intends to develop a policy on budgets during 2023. Once drafted, the Audit and Compliance Committee intends to review policy, prior to its acceptance by the Common Council.

2022-004 Bank Reconciliations

Year Ended May 31, 2022

Conditions and Criteria: The City of Olean prepares its bank reconciliation electronically utilizing its accounting software. The cash balances per the bank reconciliations for some funds did not agree the general ledger The bank reconciliations also includes transactions that were not correctly recorded during the current year.

Effect: At times throughout the year, the City's cash balances reported within its general ledger are incorrect. The effect of not investigating and correcting bank reconciliation transactions that are improperly posted is that reporting errors in financial reporting can occur and not be detected or resolved in a timely manner.

Auditors' Recommendation: As part of the bank reconciliation preparation and review, the City's general ledger cash balances should be compared against the bank reconciliation, with any differences being immediately investigated and corrected.

City's Response: The City understands the importance of the bank reconciliation process and will investigate and correct any reconciling differences as they occur. Differences existed related to the timing of payroll transfers made from the general checking account to the payroll account. The City will put a process in place to verify that these transactions are properly accounted for on the bank reconciliations.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS STATE TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE EXPENDED YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

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I. Internal Control Over State Transportation Assistance Expended

Year Ended May 31, 2021

2021-001 Adjusting Journal Entries and Required Disclosures to the Financial Statements

Summary of Prior Year Finding: Adjusting journal entries, along with footnote disclosures were proposed by the auditors and accepted by the City to properly reflect the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, a draft of the financial statements was prepared by the auditors and reviewed and accepted by the City. AU-C Section 265 entitled Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) considers the need for significant adjusting journal entries and assistance when preparing the financial statements to be indicative of an internal control deficiency.

Current Status: Similar finding related to internal control over financial reporting is being reported upon during the year ended May 31, 2022, as identified as finding 2022-001.

2021-002 Reconciliation of General Ledger and Capital Projects

Summary of Prior Year Finding:: During our prior audit, we noted that the City does not perform reconciliations of assets and liability accounts during the year on regular or routine basis, including receivables, payables and interfund loan balances. In addition, the City maintained manual records along with its general ledger system for the capital projects fund. Although dual systems were maintained throughout the year, differences that arise in certain balance sheet accounts and revenue and expense accounts were not investigated and corrected until the audit.

Current Status: Similar finding related to internal control over financial reporting is being reported upon during the year ended May 31, 2022, as identified as finding 2022-002.

2021-003 Capital Projects - Internal Controls

Summary of Prior Year Finding: As disclosed in the prior report, on December 6, 2017, it was brought to our attention that in March or April 2017 management of the City of Olean was presented with a claim for payment in the amount of approximately \$993,000 from a contractor related to the North Union Street project. A copy of the claim was signed by the City's outside engineering firm indicating their approval. Management advised us they dispute the claim. A notice of petition was filed on September 20, 2017, whereby the contractor has requested the NYS Supreme Court to compel the City to make payment of the disputed invoice, along with an additional \$285,000 of unbilled work, plus interest.

Current Status: Similar finding related to internal control over financial reporting is being reported upon during the year ended May 31, 2022, as identified as finding 2022-003. The City implemented one component (pending or threatening litigation) of the finding during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2019 and two components (change orders and project financing) on August 13, 2020.



To the Mayor and Members of The Common Council City of Olean, New York

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have completed our 2021-22 audit of the City's financial statements and have issued our reports thereon dated March 14, 2023. Our audit report expressed an unmodified opinion which states that the City's financial statements are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for governments. In addition, we have issued separate reports on internal controls over financial reporting and compliance with laws and regulations as required by Government Auditing Standards and Uniform Guidance.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the *City of Olean, New York* for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure and its operation. As noted within the body of such reports, the City generally was in compliance with laws and regulations and maintains a reasonable system of accounting internal controls.

Attached to this letter is a summary of additional comments which we desire to bring to the Common Council and management's attention involving various matters. Although such matters were not of sufficient nature to be disclosed in the previously mentioned reports, we do feel the comments should be reviewed and acted upon primarily by the business staff.

We have reviewed the financial statements extensively with the Mayor and City Auditor. We believe these individuals have a good understanding of the financial condition of the City as well as the comments expressed in our annual report. We have enjoyed working with the City this year and wish to thank all of the staff who have assisted us during our audit.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafaro PC

BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO, P.C.

Olean, New York March 14, 2023

Financial Plan

The City should continue to prepare projections of future revenue and expenditures and should consider developing a three to five year financial plan. This plan is particularly important as a result of the potential for future declines in Federal and State aid, increases in contractual expenditures and increases in retirement system contribution rates. We realize that such a plan will require the use of estimates and assumptions of information such as the amount of expected Federal and State Aid, expected rate increase in retirement systems and health insurance, potential increase in salaries, etc. However, we believe this plan could be a very useful tool that the City can utilize when negotiating employee contracts, setting future tax rates, purchasing future equipment, making improvements to infrastructure, establishing reserves and utilizing fund balance.

Allocation of Payroll

During the fiscal year the City allocates a portion of salaries of certain positions (public works director, engineers, etc.) from the general fund to the sewer and water funds. The amounts allocated were based on estimates of time incurred in the various departments. We recommend that the City conduct time studies for these individuals which would document actual time spent in the various categories. This is particularly important because the sewer and water funds are supported by users, whereas the general fund's revenue is derived from real property tax assessments, sales tax and other sources of revenue.

Journal entries and wire transfers

The City should develop a standardize form which documents the date, amount and purpose of journal entries and wire transfers, which would be completed and signed by the individual initiating the transaction. The City should then designate one individual who would be responsible for reviewing the appropriateness of each journal entry and wire transfer.

Debt Service Reserve

Over the years, the City has earned interest and premiums related to bond proceeds issued to fund capital projects. In addition, when capital projects that are financed with long-term debt are closed, leftover funds are transferred to the City's debt service fund. These funds have been accumulated in the debt service fund and are required to be utilized in the future towards debt service principal and interest payments. Also noted in the current year the 2021-2022 budget planned a use of reserves that exceeded the balance in the debt service reserve. Due to the funds not being available in reserves the general, water and sewer budgets will be required to cover any shortfall in the budget. We recommend that the City consider developing a worksheet which outlines a plan for when the funds will be utilized and applied against future years' debt service payments.

Fixed Assets

Capitalization Thresholds

We recommend that the City establish a fixed asset capitalization policy whereby equipment and capital improvements with costs exceeding a certain threshold are capitalized. Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) suggests that the capitalization threshold should ensure that at least 80% of the value of assets are capitalized as fixed assets and that the threshold does not exceed \$5,000. If a higher threshold is selected, the City may wish to maintain an inventory of all assets, however, for insurance purposes only.

Fixed Asset Reconciliation

Because the City's financial statements require fixed assets to be reported at cost and to record depreciation, it will be important for the City to reconcile current year capital and equipment additions recorded on its general ledger system with those recorded on the independent appraisal. Additions and disposals should be tracked and updated on the City's fixed asset inventory report, at least annually.

Reconciliation of Medical Savings Account

Currently, the City of Olean maintains a bank account that houses medical savings plan through a third-party administrator. We recommend that the balance of this bank account and corresponding general ledger account be reconciled with balances from its third-party administrator on a monthly basis.

Capital Project Fund

The City's capital project fund had multiple projects with accumulated deficits of as of May 31, 2022. Some of the deficits are due to the timing of when long-term financing is issued or projects awaiting grant funding, while other accumulated deficits will require a transfer from the general fund to cover the local share of a grant project or to eliminate the capital project deficit. We recommend that the City evaluate each project and determine whether a transfer from the general fund is required. In addition, the City should review each project and determine whether they are complete and can be closed out. Remaining funds from closed out projects should be either transferred to the debt service fund (projects that were debt financed), the general fund, or to another capital project.

GASB 96- Accounting for Subscription-Based Technology Arrangements

In 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA), which will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The new standard (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. We recommend that the City begin to collect pertinent data on all lease agreements for evaluation along with familiarizing themselves with the new SBITA standard, which may include continuing education, webinars and further training.

Water and Sewer Billing

During the 2019 and 2021 audits, bills related to the Water and Sewer usage were improperly calculated causing large variances that needed to be manually corrected. City officials were able to correct bills before they went out. Due to the scrutiny surrounding the Water and Sewer bills we recommend the City consider implementing a process that would ensure that manual corrections are not needed. In addition a documented independent review of the bills prior to their issuance would mitigate the risk that misstated bills were issued to the public.

Appropriated Fund Balance

While reviewing the City's 2022-23 budget for the general, water and sewer funds we noticed that the use of fund balance exceeded fund balances levels as of May 31, 2022. Upon further review we discovered that there was an error in the 2022-23 budget for the general, water and sewer funds. Debt Service requirements for those funds were being included as both an expense and an interfund transfer out. In addition, we noticed that certain schedules within the budget which report similar budgetary information were not in agreement. We recommend the City scrutinize the budget including planned amount of fund balance to be used to balance the budget.



City of Olean

General Governmental Expenditures by Function

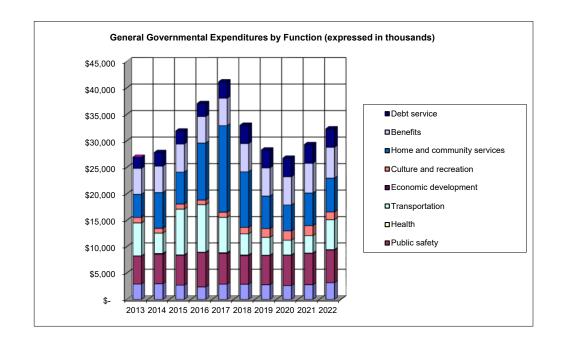
Governmental Funds(excludes bond refunding and interfund transfers)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

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<u>Function</u>										
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	2021	2022
General government support	\$ 2,923	\$ 2,980	\$ 2,717	\$ 2,377	\$ 2,910	\$ 2,892	\$ 2,791	\$ 2,640	\$ 2,798	\$ 3,176
Public safety	5,310	5,618	5,678	6,551	5,843	5,432	5,544	5,751	5,962	6,217
Health	33	122	53	55	115	104	57	55	51	67
Transportation	6,252	3,879	8,682	8,994	6,709	4,028	3,416	2,804	3,318	5,693
Economic development	15	-	-	15	15	2	2	2	-	2
Culture and recreation	1,043	915	982	860	960	1,232	1,647	1,772	1,886	1,456
Home and community services	4,354	6,743	6,004	10,746	16,326	10,488	6,142	4,887	6,158	6,375
Benefits	4,906	5,006	5,309	5,025	5,192	5,329	5,325	5,335	5,621	5,823
Debt service	2,093	2,567	2,459	2,442	3,088	3,463	3,384	3,510	3,530	3,477
Total	\$ 26,929	\$ 27,830	\$ 31,884	\$ 37,065	\$ 41,158	\$ 32,970	\$ 28,308	\$ 26,756	\$ 29,324	\$ 32,286



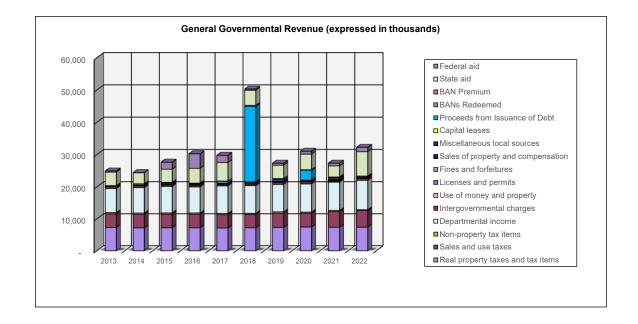
General Governmental Revenues by Source

Governmental Funds(excludes bond refunding and interfund transfer)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Source										
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	2021	2022
Real property taxes and tax items	\$ 7,278	\$ 7,150	\$ 7,192	\$ 7,187	\$ 7,120	\$ 7,184	\$ 7,301	\$ 7,426	\$ 7,328	\$ 7,367
Sales and use taxes	4,249	4,255	4,264	4,226	4,155	4,178	4,467	4,321	4,930	5,190
Non-property tax items	401	398	380	396	357	333	411	340	367	299
Departmental income	7,558	7,933	8,276	8,148	8,647	8,652	8,567	8,800	8,825	9,126
Intergovernmental charges	523	538	413	498	441	460	591	668	308	565
Use of money and property	19	10	7	6	8	8	14	14	12	16
Licenses and permits	47	41	41	54	64	44	101	78	103	71
Fines and forfeitures	82	73	63	44	49	53	47	32	23	11
Sales of property and compensation	14	13	26	19	13	4	48	9	136	-
Miscellaneous local sources	182	200	476	346	250	599	279	362	295	408
Capital leases	-	324	236	150	-	-	-	-	322	-
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt	-	-	-	-	-	23,409	500	3,085	250	-
BANs Redeemed	-	-	-	-	601	304	210	140	128	276
BAN Premium	-	-	-	60	58	-	-	-	-	-
State aid	4,204	3,424	4,077	4,578	5,757	4,707	4,135	4,861	3,440	7,543
Federal aid	339	21	2,159	4,524	2,229	329	638	865	851	1,342
	\$ 24,896	\$ 24,380	\$27,610	\$30,236	\$29,749	\$ 50,264	\$27,309	\$31,001	\$27,318	\$ 32,214



City of Olean Fund Balance History

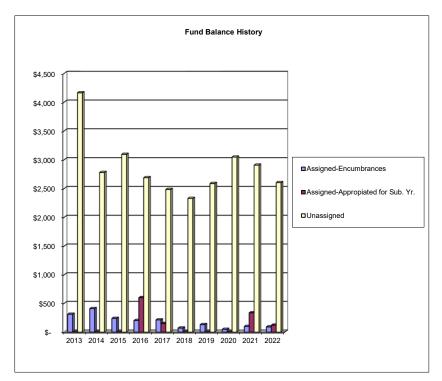
General Fund

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

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Source	<u>2013</u>	2014	2015	2016	2017	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	2021	<u>2022</u>
Assigned-Encumbrances Assigned-Appropiated for Sub. Yr. Unassigned	\$ 312 - 4,164	\$ 411 - 2,780	\$ 239 - 3,095	\$ 202 602 2,690	\$ 213 150 2,486	\$ 70 - 2,331	\$ 130 - 2,589	\$ 48 - 3,048	\$ 99 337 2,908	\$ 90 120 2,604
Total	\$ 4,476	\$ 3,191	\$ 3,334	\$ 3,494	\$ 2,849	\$ 2,401	\$ 2,719	\$ 3,096	\$ 3,344	\$ 2,814



City of Olean Assessed and Equalized Full Value of Taxable Property

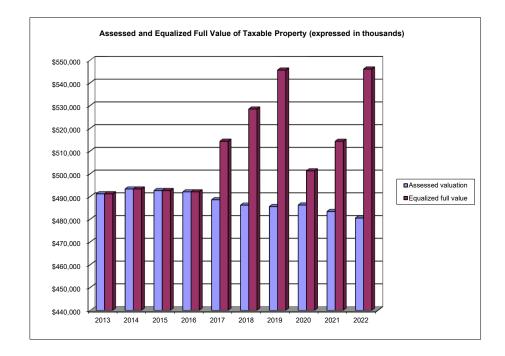
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands) Page 98

Source	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u> 2021</u>	2022
Assessed valuation	\$491,211	\$493,323	\$492,635	\$492,053	\$488,611	\$486,214	\$485,604	\$486,264	\$483,436	\$480,555
Equalized full value	491,211	493,323	492,635	492,053	514,327	528,494	545,622	501,304	514,294	546,086
Ratio: Assessed value to equalized full value	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	95.00%	92.00%	89.00%	97.00%	94.00%	88.00%

Notes:

Equalization rates are provided by New York State and applied by the City to the assessed valuation of taxable real estate to arrive at equalized full value which is comparable to estimated actual value. Taxable values are used from the preceding years assessment rolls. (1)



City of Olean

Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years		-								Page 99
Source										
	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u> 2016</u>	<u> 2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022
Net bonded per capita	186.62	222.25	437.31	403.13	587.67	655.07	887.97	720.94	885.56	832.46
Population	14,452	14,452	14,452	14,452	14,452	14,452	14,452	14,452	13,937	13,937
Assessed value (000)	49,121	49,332	49,264	49,205	51,433	52,849	54,562	50,130	51,429	54,609
Gross bonded debt (000)	26,106	24,405	28,532	32,244	44,436	44,768	46,072	44,161	42,833	42,348
Less: self-supporting debt (000)	23,409	21,193	22,212	26,418	35,943	35,301	33,239	33,742	30,491	30,746
Net bonded debt (000)	2,697	3,212	6,320	5,826	8,493	9,467	12,833	10,419	12,342	11,602
Ratio of net bonded debt to										
assessed value	5.49%	6.51%	12.83%	11.84%	16.51%	17.91%	23.52%	20.78%	24.00%	21.25%

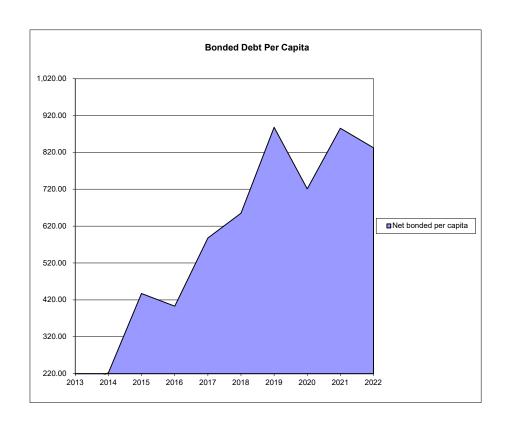
Notes:

Self-supporting debt includes sewer and water related debt

Sources: Population (2013-2020) were obtained from the 2010 census

Population (2021-2022) were obtained from the 2020 census Assessed value amounts were obtained via the City Assessor's office.

Debt amounts were obtained via the City Debt Schedule's 2013-2022

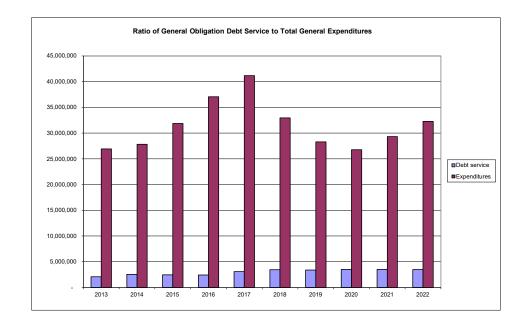


City of Olean
Ratio of General Obligation Debt Service to
Total General Expenditures

Last Ten Fiscal Years								Page 100		
Source										
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	2022
Debt service	2,093,000	2,567,000	2,459,000	2,442,000	3,088,000	3,463,000	3,384,000	3,510,000	3,530,000	3,477,000
Expenditures	26,929,000	27,830,000	31,884,000	37,065,000	41,158,000	32,970,000	28,308,000	26,756,000	29,324,000	32,286,000
Ratio of general debt service to total										
general expenditures	7.77%	9.22%	7.71%	6.59%	7.50%	10.50%	11.95%	13.12%	12.04%	10.77%

Notes: (1) (2)

- Debt service amounts shown include payments made from all governmental fund types
 General expenditures include amounts recorded in the general, special revenue, capital projects and debt service funds for all years.



		Estimated	Percentage
	Type of	Equalized	of Equalized
<u>Taxpayer</u>	<u>Business</u>	Full Value	Full Value
National Grid	Public Utility	\$ 17,663,459	3.43%
Olan 2020, LLC	Commercial	17,455,515	3.39%
Indeck-Olean LP	Public Utility	12,183,908	2.37%
NYS Electric & Gas	Public Utility	9,382,868	1.82%
Siemens Corporation	Manufacturing	6,984,367	1.36%
2501 West State St Co. LLC	Grocery/Retail	5,909,195	1.15%
Cutco Cutlery Corporation	Manufacturing	5,842,645	1.14%
Olean Medical Properties	Health Care	4,915,862	0.96%
Community Bank, N.A.	Commercial	3,880,644	0.75%
Seritage KMT Finance LLC	Retail	3,620,690	0.70%
Total		\$ 87,839,153	17.07%

Note:

Percentage of equalized full value is calculated by dividing the valuation shown for each of the listed taxpayers by the City's total equalized full value.

Source: Amounts were obtained via the City Assessor's office.

